Fire Risk Assessment Arden Road



Flats 18 - 34 Arden Road, Smethwick, B67 6AA.

Date Completed: 07/05/2024.

Review Period: 3 years.

Officer: A Jones Fire Risk Assessor

Checked By: J Blewitt **Team Lead Fire Safety & Facilities**

Current Risk Rating = Tolerable



Subsequent reviews.

Review date	Officer	<u>Comments</u>

Contents

Section 0	Introduction	
Section 1	Significant Findings (executive summary)	
Section 2	People at Significant Risk of Fire	
Section 3	Contact Details	
Section 4	Description of Premises	
Section 5	Building Plan	
Section 6	External Envelope	
Section 7	Means of Escape from Fire	
Section 8	Fire Detection and Alarm Systems	
Section 9	Emergency Lighting	
Section 10	Compartmentation	
Section 11	Fire Fighting Equipment	
Section 12	Fire Signage	
Section 13	Employee Training	
Section 14	Sources of Ignition	
Section 15	Waste Control	
Section 16	Control and Supervision of Contractors and Visitors	
Section 17	Arson Prevention	
Section 18	Storage Arrangements	
Section 19	Additional Control Measures; Fire Risk Assessment – Level 2 Action Plan	
Appendix 1	Significant Hazards on Site and Information to be provided for the Fire Service Risk Rating of Block	

O

Introduction

The Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 (RR(FS)O) places a legal duty on landlords to complete a fire risk assessment (FRA). Specifically, RR(FS)O article 9. — (1)

"The responsible person must make a suitable and sufficient assessment of the risks to which relevant persons are exposed for the purpose of identifying the general fire precautions he needs to take to comply with the requirements and prohibitions imposed on him by or under this Order".

This fire risk assessment has been written to comply fully with the above legislation which is enforced locally by West Midlands Fire Service. If required, complaints can be made to them by telephone on 0121 380 7500 https://www.wmfs.net/our-services/fireelectronically on safety/#reportfiresafety. In the first instance however, we would be directly grateful if you could contact us via https://www.sandwell.gov.uk/info/200195/contact_the_council/283/feedb ack and complaints or by phone on 0121 569 6000.

The date of the fire risk assessment is on the front page, followed by any subsequent reviews. A recurring time frame is not set in legislation, but the Council will as a minimum review:

- High Risk Residential Buildings annually
- Other Buildings every 3 years

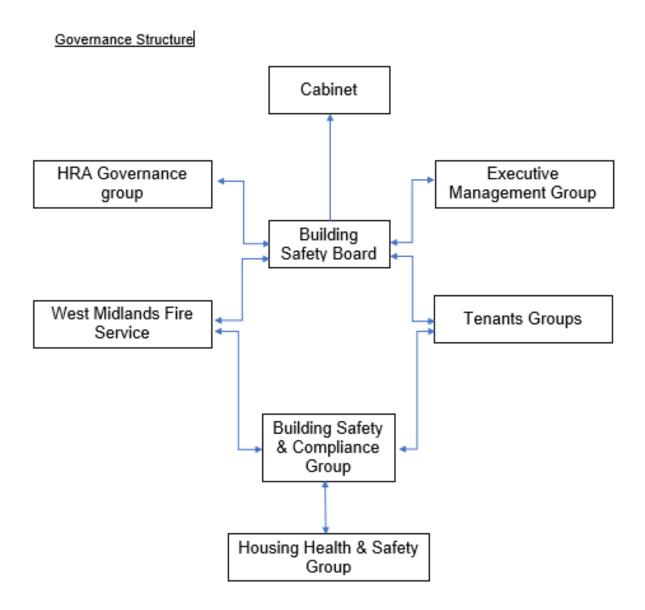
The council has procedures and policies in place that will trigger a review of the fire risk assessment. This then is recorded on the fire risk assessment is not currently suitable and sufficient, then a new fire risk assessment will be undertaken and become the current fire risk assessment. The previous fire risk assessment will be retained in the building safety case for that building.

The following diagrams illustrate those procedures and persons that support the effective planning, organisation, control, monitoring and review of the preventive and protective measures. This information is provided as required under the RR(FS)O.



The above processes and procedures are overseen by the Fire Safety, Manager who reports to the Head of Building Safety.

These managers attend the Building Safety and Compliance Group for scrutiny which is part of the governance structure below.



To summarise the fire risk assessment, in this scenario the RR(FS)O requires the prescribed information to be recorded. The prescribed information is the significant findings of the fire risk assessment and those groups or persons especially at risk from fire. This is recorded here in section 1. Also required to be recorded under article 11, are the fire safety arrangements for the planning, organisation, control, monitoring and review of the preventative and protective measures. The information shown above is part of this requirement.

1

Significant findings

The significant findings (executive summary) of the fire risk assessment include those measures that have been or will be undertaken by the responsible person in order to comply with the RR(FS)O 2005.

Groups of people especially at risk of fire include such people as remote or lone workers, at risk due to layout of the building, visitors and contractors unfamiliar with the building layout as well as those with physical, sensory or mental health issues.

A third requirement that under the order must be recorded is the fire safety arrangements. This is the effective planning, organisation, control, monitoring and review of the preventive and protective measures. These are shown in the introduction.

Significant findings

Include a brief summary of protective and preventative measures where relevant along with any issues found.

The escape strategy is 'Stay Put Unless'. This means in the event of a fire in your flat you should evacuate. If there is a fire elsewhere in the building you should stay put unless you are affected by fire, smoke or you have been advised by the emergency services to leave.

Section number	Section Area	Individual Risk Level
Section 6	External Envelope The exterior of the buildings is predominantly traditional brick, concrete construction with a flat bitumen roof. Individual flat windows are UPVC double glazed units. UPVC Cladding – As part of any future upgrades replace UPVC cladding with a noncombustible cladding.	Trivial

Section 7	Means of Escape from Fire The means of escape from the upper deck balcony/premises is via a single staircase that leads to a final exit.	Tolerable
Section 8	Fire Detection and Alarm Systems Early warning is limited to hard wired or battery smoke alarms within each of the resident's flats.	Trivial
Section 9	Emergency Lighting The premises have no emergency lighting installed within the blocks. However, standard lighting is present.	Trivial
Section 10	Compartmentation The building is designed to provide as a minimum 1-hour vertical fire resistance and 1-hour horizontal fire resistance around flats. Doors are 30-minute nominal fire doors, including those in 1-hour rated walls. Future upgrade work should consider Electrical service cupboard doors. These should be upgraded to ensure a minimum of 30 mins fire resistance is provided.	Tolerable
Section 11	Fire Fighting Equipment No firefighting provisions within the premises.	Trivial
Section 12	Fire Signage Appropriate signage is in place, no further action required.	Trivial
Section 13	Employee Training All staff receive basic fire safety awareness training.	Trivial
Section 14	Sources of Ignition The fixed electrical installation should be tested every 5 years. It could not be confirmed when the last electrical inspection had been carried out. Smoking has been taking place in the staircase, outside the main access door & outside the bin room. Waste products should be removed from the front of the property & outside the Bin Room.	Tolerable

Fire Risk Assessment

Section 15	Waste Control Regular cleaning service at the block and regular checks from caretakers help with the waste control at the block.	Trivial
Section 16	Control and Supervision of Contractors and Visitors Contractors are controlled centrally, and hot works permits are required where necessary.	Trivial
Section 17	Arson Prevention A door entry system to the premises is installed to prevent unauthorised access to the building.	Trivial
Section 18	Storage Arrangements Residents should not store fuel or LPG Cylinders in their home or storage facilities.	Tolerable

The following simple risk level estimator is based on commonly used risk level estimator:

Likelihood of fire	Potential consequences of fire Slight harm		of fire
Likelinood of fire			Extreme harm
Low	Trivial risk	Tolerable risk	Moderate risk
Medium	Tolerable risk	Moderate risk	Substantial risk
High	Moderate risk	Substantial risk	Intolerable risk

Low	Trivial risk	Tolerable risk	Moderate risk
Medium	Tolerable risk	Moderate risk	Substantial risk
High	Moderate risk	Substantial risk	Intolerable risk
Considering the fire preasessment, it is considering these premises is:			
Low Medium	⊠ High □		
In this context, a definit	ion of the above te	rms is as follows:	
Low		ow likelihood of fire potential sources o	
Medium	sources) for hazards ge	hazards (e.g., pote this type of occupa nerally subject to ner than minor shor	ncy, with fire appropriate
High	one or mo	equate controls ap re significant fire result in significant of fire.	hazards,
Considering the nature fire protection and protection and protection and protection is the event of fire would be seen to fire would	cedural arrangeme is considered that	nts observed at the	e time of this

Slight Harm ⊠ Moderate Harm ☐ Extreme Harm ☐

In this context, a definition of the above terms is as follows:

Slight harm Outbreak of fire unlikely to result in serio	ious
--	------

injury or death of any occupant (other than an occupant sleeping in a room in which a fire

occurs).

Moderate harm Outbreak of fire could foreseeably result in

injury including serious injury) of one or more occupants, but it is unlikely to involve multiple

fatalities.

Extreme harm Significant potential for serious injury or

death of one or more occupants.

Accordingly, it is considered that the risk to life from fire at these premises is:

Trivial 🗆 Tolerable 🗵 Moderate 🗀 Subst	stantial 🗀 🛚 I	ntolerable ∟
--	----------------	--------------

Comments:

In conclusion, the likelihood of a fire is at a medium level of risk prior to the implementation of the action plan because of the normal fire hazards that have been highlighted within the risk assessment.

This includes disposal of cigarettes I staircases and at the main entrance to the premise. There is also evidence of ASB taking place outside the bin room.

After considering the use of the premise and the occupants within the block, the consequences for life safety in the event of a fire would be slight harm.

A suitable risk-based control plan should involve effort and urgency that is proportional to risk. The following risk- based control plan is based on one that has been advocated for general health and safety risks:

Risk level	Action and timescale
Trivial	No action is required, and no detailed records need to be kept.
Tolerable	No major additional fire precautions required. However, there might be a need for reasonably practicable improvements that involve minor or limited cost.
Moderate	It is essential that efforts are made to reduce the risk. Risk reduction measures, which should take cost into account, should be implemented within a defined time period. Where moderate risk is associated with consequences that constitute extreme harm, further assessment might be required to establish more precisely the likelihood of harm as a basis for determining the priority for improved control measures.
Substantial	Considerable resources might have to be allocated to reduce the risk. If the premises are unoccupied, it should not be occupied until the risk has been reduced. If the premises are occupied, urgent action should be taken.
Intolerable	Premises (or relevant area) should not be occupied until the risk is reduced.

(Note that, although the purpose of this section is to place the fire risk in context, the above approach to fire risk assessment is subjective and for guidance only. All hazards and deficiencies identified in this report should be addressed by implementing all recommendations contained in the following action plan. The fire risk assessment should be reviewed regularly.)

2

People at Significant Risk of Fire

Persons at significant risk of fire does not just refer to those people with physical, sensory or mental health issues. It also includes those at risk due to the layout or features of the building such as inner rooms or deadend conditions. Persons may also be at risk due to remote or lone working.

The RR(FS)O requires that these people are identified in any fire risk assessment.

Sandwell Council takes the health, safety and wellbeing of its colleagues, contractors, residents and leaseholders seriously. It is our policy to exceed, where possible, the minimum health and safety requirements of the law.

Residents are responsible for letting us know whether they might need a Personal Emergency Evacuation Plan (PEEP). The Resident Engagement Officers (Fire Safety) will conduct an assessment visit upon request. Any risk-reduction measures that are found where a PEEP is necessary and completed will be documented and taken quickly. With the consent of the resident, we will make a referral for West Midlands Fire Service to conduct a Safe and Well visit.

When a PEEP is in place, the relevant information will be kept in the secure Premise Information Box (High Rise Buildings only), which is set up to help WMFS in an emergency. The data is classified as level 1, which means it complies with the General Data Protection Regulations.

3

Contact Details

The Chief Executive of Sandwell Metropolitan Borough Council has ultimate responsibility for the site as the responsible person identified by the RR(FS)O 2005.

The Chief Executive has put a structure in place to support the management of the site.

This includes the role of Building Safety Manager who has duties as defined within the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.

The contact names to support the management of the site are as follows:

Chief Executive

Shokat Lal

Executive Director of Place

Alan Lunt

Assistant Director Building Compliance

Phil Deery

Fire Safety Manager

Tony Thompson

Team Lead Fire Safety

Jason Blewitt

Fire Risk Assessor(s)

Adrian Jones

Anthony Smith

Carl Hill

Louis Conway

Resident Engagement Officer - Fire Safety

Lee Mlilo

Abdul Monim Khan

Housing Office Manager

Susan Geddes

Please note, the above details are correct at the time of the production of the risk assessment and may be subject to change.

Description of Premises

18 – 34 Arden Road, Smethwick, B67 6AA.

Description of the Property:

The communal, any workplace areas and the external envelope of the building are subject to the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 as confirmed by the Fire Safety Act 2021.

The enforcing authority is West Midlands Fire Service.

This block of flats was constructed in 1964. The residence consists of 3 storeys (inclusive of the ground floor). This constitutes 9 flats in total, three flats per floor, flats on the upper levels are deck access flats.

The residence has 1 entrance to deck access flats on the upper levels, this access is located at the side of the premise. The access door to the staircase has a door entry system with a fob reader installed. A firefighter override drop latch key is provided for local authority staff and Fire & Rescue Services.









The building is of traditional Brick, concrete construction, double glazed UPVC window frames surmounted by a flat bitumen roof.







At the time of the assessment front doors to flats appeared to be in good condition, it is understood most front doors are Permadoor constructed doors.









There is a refuse chute provided for residents to dispose of rubbish. The bin room is located at the rear of the premise, the doors are wooden in construction & maintained locked by a padlock.





Electrical service cupboards are provided within the staircase.



High/Low Rise	Low Rise
Number of Floors	3
Date of Construction	1964
Construction Type	Traditional Brick
Last Refurbished	Unknown
External Cladding	None
Number of Lifts	None
Number of Staircases	One
Automatic Smoke Ventilation to	None
communal area	
Fire Alarm System	None
Refuse Chute	One
Access to Roof	Externally Only
Equipment on roof (e.g. mobile	None
phone station etc)	

Persons at Risk

Residents / Occupants of 9 flats, Visitors,

Sandwell MBC employees,

Contractors,

Service providers (e.g., meter readers, delivery people etc)

Statutory bodies (e.g., W.M.F.S, Police, and Ambulance)

Building Plan

A general plan showing the building location.



6

External envelope

Following the introduction of the Fire Safety Act 2021, consideration needs to be given to the external envelope of the building for any fire risk. This predominantly means the external wall construction including any insulation filler. It also includes balconies and any other fixtures as well as doors and windows.

Below is a breakdown of the materials used within the external envelope and, as part of the external wall system.

It is deemed that the combination and application of these materials presents an acceptable level of fire risk.

1) The external envelope of the premise is predominantly traditional brick, concrete, UPVC window frames, UPVC cladding at roof level surmounted by a flat bitumen roof.









2) The First and Second floor access staircase is open at each level & provides access to open deck balconies.









3) UPVC Facia type boarding is framed around the top edge of the building.



4) There are lawned areas to the rear and front elevation of the building.







5) A bin chute room is provided and lies at the rear right hand side of the premise.





Means of Escape from Fire

1) The premise has a single staircase that provides a means of escape from the building.





2) Electrical service cupboards are located on the staircase. These doors are maintained locked. These doors & transoms should be upgraded to fire doors FD30's as part of any future improvement works.





3) All corridors/balconies are of adequate width (at least 1050mm) and will be maintained clear to that width as a minimum. Brickwork on the escape route (deck corridor) is 1050mm, it is deemed acceptable for a person to crouch and pass the window. Please note a stay put unless strategy applies to this building.



4) The means of escape are protected to prevent the spread of fire and smoke with predominately nominal Permadoor FD30s doors. Despite best endeavours no access was gained to any of the flats in this block during the fire risk assessment, this was to ensure the doors have not been tampered with by residents etc.







- 5) The only communal door within the block is the final exit door, this is fitted with automatic closing device and checked on a regular basis by Caretaking teams as part of their checks. Defective closing devices are replaced either by the Caretaking Team(s) or the inhouse repairs team(s).
- 6) The final exit doors from the staircase have door entry systems installed. These systems are designed to fail safe i.e., door unlocked in the event of a power failure. This prevents residents being locked in or out of their residence.
- 7) Communal areas, staircases and pedestrian balconies are kept free of flammable items. These areas are checked on a regular basis by the Caretaker and Cleaning teams, all items of rubbish are immediately removed. There is also an out of hour's service that allows combustible items of furniture / rubbish to be removed.
- 8) Emergency lighting is not provided to landings and the staircase.
- 9) The surface coatings to staircase areas are Class 0 rated.
- 10) Automatic smoke ventilation is not employed at this premise. This is acceptable as decks are open to air, the staircase has permanent high-level ventilation due to its construction.

8

Fire Detection and Alarm Systems

- Early warning is limited to hard wired or battery smoke alarms within each of the resident's flats. The equipment is subjected to a cyclical test.
- 2) Despite best endeavours no access was gained to any of the flats in this block during the fire risk assessment. Attempts were made to liaise with occupiers at flat 32, 26 & 24. Flat 18 appears to be a vacant property.
- 3) Therefore, since no properties were accessed, it should be assumed that smoke alarms in resident's flats are installed to a LD3 Standard only.

For information

LD1 all rooms except wet rooms.

LD2 all-risk rooms e.g., Living Room, Kitchens and Hallway.

LD3 Hallway only.

- 4) There is no effective means for detecting an outbreak of fire to communal areas. The reason for this is: -
 - I. Such systems may get vandalised.
 - II. False alarms would occur.
 - III. A Stay Put Unless policy is in place.

9)

Emergency Lighting

1) The premises have no emergency lighting installed within the building; however standardised lighting is present. This is deemed acceptable due to the height of the building. Any future upgrade works should consider the installation of emergency lighting.

Compartmentation

The high degree of fire separation between flats and the common parts is achieved by making each flat a fire-resisting enclosure. This is known as compartmentation. A compartment is simply a part of a building bounded by walls and floors that will resist the passage of fire for a specified period of time. The fire resistance of this construction is such that, normally, a fire will burn itself out before spreading to other parts of the building.

- 1) The building is designed to provide as a minimum 1-hour vertical fire resistance and 1-hour horizontal fire resistance around flats. All flat entrance doors are 30-minute notional/nominal doors, including those in 1-hour rated walls.
- 2) The premises do not have sufficient compartmentation to limit the travel and effect of smoke and flame in event of a fire in communal areas due to the open plan staircase.
- 3) The means of escape is protected from flats with the use of nominal FD30s doors with no communal doors to the blocks other than final exit doors.







- 4) The building has sufficient passive controls that provide effective compartmentation to support a Stay Put - Unless policy. Therefore, residents are advised to remain in their flat unless the fire directly affects them or if they are advised to evacuate by the emergency services.
- 5) The fire stopping / compartmentation of the premises is subject to an annual inspection by the Fire Safety Rapid Response Team.
- 6) Any communal fire doors are subject to an annual check by the Fire Safety Rapid Response Team.

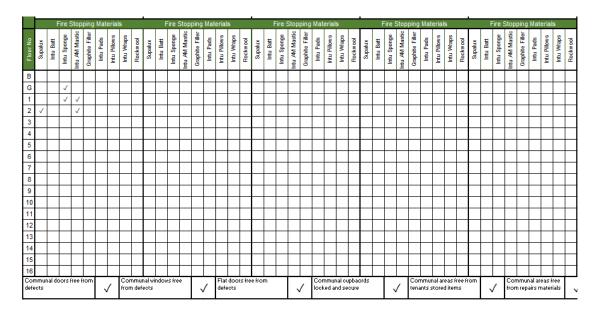
7) All service cupboards to communal landings are maintained locked. It was noted that service cupboard doors, and the wooden louvred transoms above doors, do not provide a min of 30 mins fire resistance.



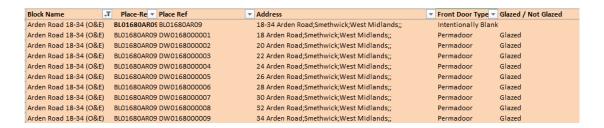
8) The waste chute hopper on the first floor is not seating correctly and should be repaired or replaced.



9) A variety of methods / materials have been used to achieve firestopping, refer to table(s) below.



10) All front doors appear to be nominal rated fire door FD 30's. Refer to the sheet below.



It is accepted that, in older blocks, fire doors, particularly flat entrance doors, do not meet current test standards for FD30S doors. However, these doors may still be acceptable if the doors remain in good condition, and they met the relevant standards at the time of construction of the block.

11

Fire Fighting Equipment

1) Currently, there is no fire-fighting equipment installed at these premises. A Firefighting hydrant is located at the junction of Arden Road and High Street.



Section 12

Fire Signage

- The main door to access upper floors displays "fire door keep shut" no other doors at this premise contain "Fire Door Keep Locked/Shut" stickers. Appropriate signage replaced at the time of the assessment.
- 2) The fire escape routes are self-evident and therefore additional fire action notices are not required.
- 3) No smoking (Smoke Free England) signage is displayed at the front entrance and other conspicuous locations within the staircase.

Employee & Resident Training/Provision of Information

- 1) All Caretaking / Cleaning Employees have undertaken fire safety training. This includes use of bespoke 'Fire Safety in High / Low Rise Flatted Accommodation' Video.
- 2) All employees are encouraged to complete 'In the line of fire' training on an annual basis.
- Caretaking Teams are not currently trained in the effective use of fire extinguishers. Caretaking Teams are not expected to tackle fires in this area.
- 4) Employees within the Neighbourhoods Directorate assigned to undertake Fire Safety Inspections have received IFE approved training via West Midlands Fire Service.
- 5) Staff undertaking fire risk assessments are qualified to or working towards Level 4 Diploma in Fire Risk Assessment.
- 6) Fire safety information has been provided as part of tenancy pack. Information regarding the Stay Put Unless fire evacuation strategy is provided to tenants.





Sources of Ignition

1) Smoking is prohibited within any communal parts of the building in line with Smoke Free England legislation. It was noted that cigarettes had been disposed of in the service cupboards of this premise. It also appears that smoking is taking place outside of the main access door. (Email sent to Housing Management Team). This has the potential to compromise the means of escape.





2) It was evident that an area adjacent to the Bin Store was being used for Anti-Social Behaviour, there were several empty alcohol bottles, cigarette ends and what appeared to be Human Faeces. (Email sent to Housing Management Team).





3) There was a builder's bag of rubbish left at the front of the premise on the lawned area. (Email sent to Housing Management Team).



- 4) Hot working is not normally carried out. If essential maintenance requires the use of hot work processes, then corporate policies and procedures are to be followed.
- 5) Portable electrical equipment used as part of the Caretaking / Cleaning regime is subject to annual PAT Testing. This information is held by the Estate Services Manager Bryan Low.
- 6) The fixed electrical installation is tested every 5 years. It could not be determined when the last electrical inspection was carried out.
- 7) Portable heaters are not allowed in any common parts of the premises.
- 8) Gas appliances and pipework (where installed) are subject to annual testing and certification. This cyclical contract is managed by the inhouse Gas Team.

Waste Control

- 1) There is a regular Cleaning Service to communal areas of the premises to minimise risk of waste accumulation.
- 2) Refuse containers emptied at regular intervals.
- 3) A bin room is provided at the rear of the premise and is maintained locked shut.
- 4) It was noted that the area around the Bin room is being used for Anti-Social Behaviour. (ASB).
- 5) 'Out of Hours' service in place to remove bulk items.

Control and Supervision of Contractors and Visitors

- Responsive Repairs service delivered by Sandwell MBC necessitates the production of an order via the computerised repairs system. Details of any known risks are documented on the repair order.
- 2) Owing to the nature of low-rise flatted accommodation it is difficult to manage/control individual contractors/utility companies.
- 3) Hot works are not permitted unless authorisation is given via the approved officer. The hot works procedure is to be followed.
- 4) Utility companies are not allowed to access any service cupboard or secure area. They must request and collect maintenance keys from the Investments office @ Roway Lane. This allows scrutiny of what is the scope of any works such as installation of tenant's broadband / phone line etc.
- 5) Where contractors are appointed to undertake major refurbishment works, Sandwell MBC Urban Design team will put control measures in place. Such Measures include:
 - a) Pre-Contract Meetings where contractor is made aware of all working arrangements and safe systems of work to be adopted. Issues covered in this meeting will include:
 - Health and Safety.
 - · Site security.
 - Safety of working and impact on children/school business.
 - Fire risk, if any.
 - Site Emergency plan.
 - b) Monthly Site Meetings to monitor, review and share any new information including any new risks.
 - c) Site monitored daily whilst work is in progress by Clerk of Works / Health and Safety Officers.
 - d) Final Contractor review on completion of works undertaken.

Arson Prevention

- 1) Regular checks are undertaken by Caretakers / Cleaning Team(s) 365 days per year which helps reduce the risk of arson.
- 2) Restricted access to the premises by means of a door entry system.
- 3) Although there is no current evidence of arson, it is evident that smoking is taking place in the staircase & outside the main access door. Smoking is prohibited within any communal parts of the building in line with Smoke Free England legislation. Careless disposal of cigarettes is a possibility and this practice should cease.
- 4) The perimeter of the premises is well illuminated.
- 5) There have been no reported fire incidents since the last FRA.

Storage Arrangements

- 1) Residents instructed not to bring L.P.G cylinders into block. This information is contained within the tenants' handbook.
- 2) The tenancy conditions, Section 7 Condition 5.6 stipulates "If you live in a flat or maisonette, you, people living with you and any visitors to your property must not keep or use paraffin oil, petrol, bottled gas appliances or any other explosive, FLAMMABLE or dangerous material in the property. This restriction also applies to any storage facility situated in or attached to the block, which has been provided for your use."
- 3) No Flammable liquids stored on site by Caretakers / Cleaners.
- 4) All store cupboards are kept locked.
- 5) As per tenancy agreements, flammable liquids or gas cylinders should not be stored on site.

Additional Control Measures. Fire Risk Assessment - Level 2 Action Plan

Significant Findings

Action Plan
It is considered that the following recommendations should be implemented to reduce fire risk to, or maintain it at, the following level:
Trivial □ Tolerable ⊠
Definition of priorities (where applicable):
P1 Arrange and complete as urgent – Within 10 days.
P2 Arrange and complete within 1-3 Months of assessment date.
P3 Arrange and complete within 3-6 Months of assessment date.
P4 Arrange and complete exceeding 6 months under programmed work.



Fire Risk Assessment Level 2 Action Plan



Name of Premises or Location: 18 - 34 Arden Road, Smethwick.

Date of Action Plan: 08/05/2024

Review Date: <Insert date>

Question/ Ref No	Required Action	Supporting photograph	Priority	Timescale and Person Responsible	Date Completed
10/08	The waste chute hopper on the first floor is not seating correctly and needs to be repaired or replaced.		P2	Repairs/Metal Fitters. 1-3 Months.	

When undertaking future improvement program(s), it is advised that the observations listed below should be given consideration (noting that the safety of the residents is not jeopardised by these, and all steps to reduce any known risks have been taken).

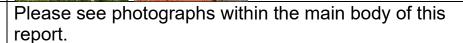
Observations

Communal service cupboards doors/electrical intake cupboard. Upgrade to 30 minutes fire resistance as part of next improvement works programme.

UPVC Cladding. Upgrade UPVC cladding that frames the top of the building with non-combustible cladding as part of next improvement works programme.

An email has been sent to Housing Management Team regarding Anti-Social Behaviour, smoking within the staircase, service cupboards, directly outside the premise and a builder's bulk bag of rubbish on the front lawned area. This is possibly as a result of works taking place at a vacant flat within the building.





Signed

Adelan Jowes	Fire Risk Assessor	Date: 08/05/2024
Bleund	Quality Assurance Check	Date: 09/05/2024

Appendix 1

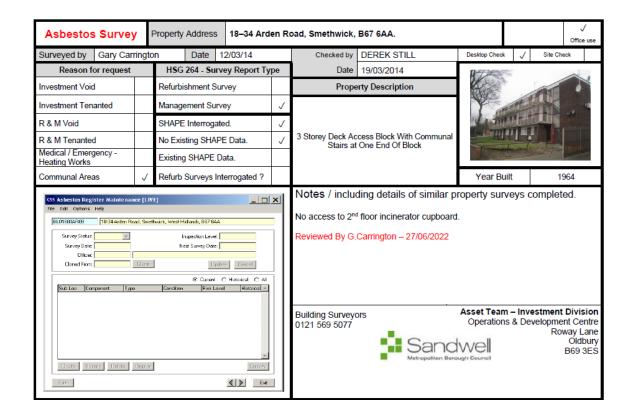
Significant Hazards on Site and Information to be Provided for the Fire Service

Name of property: 18 - 34 Arden Road, Smethwick.

Updated: 23rd November 2017

Premise Manager: Tony Thompson Tel. No.: 0121 569 2975

Hazard	Information/Comments					
Asbestos	An asbestos survey has been undertaken of the communal areas. Survey held by Sandwell Housing (Derek Still Tel:- 0121 569 5077).					



Fire Risk Assessment

Sample Locations		Prope Addre										
LOCATION		MATERIAL			QTY	SURFACE TREATMENT REF RESULT HSE NOTIF		Labelled ?	ACTION TAKEN ON CONTRACT			
IF DURING THE COURSE OF WORK SUSPECTED ACM'S ARE IDENTIFIED THAT ARE NOT CONTAINED WITHIN THIS REPORT STOP WORK & SEEK ADVICE												
COMMUNAL STAIRS WALLS		TEXTURED COATING		IG	-	SEALED	GC450 / 1	NO ASBESTOS DETECTED	-	-	-	
COMMUNAL STAIRS CEILINGS		TEXTURED COATING		IG	-	SEALED	GC450 / 2	NO ASBESTOS DETECTED	-	-	-	
1 ST FLOOR ½ LANDING CUPBOARD LHS – INCINERATOR		ВО	BOARD		-	UNSEALED	GC450 / 3	CHRYSOTILE	YES	-	-	
16T FLOOR 1/2 LANDING CUPBOARD LHS - FLUE PIPE		CEMENT			1 lm	UNSEALED	PRESUMED	CHRYSOTILE	ILE NO YES		-	
2 ^{ND †} FLOOR ½ LANDING CUPBOARD LHS - INCINERATOR		BOARD			-	UNSEALED	PRESUMED	CHRYSOTILE	NO	YES	-	
2 ^{ND T} FLOOR ½ LANDING CUPBOARD LHS – FLUE PIPE		CEMENT			1 lm	UNSEALED	PRESUMED	CHRYSOTILE	CHRYSOTILE NO			
ITEMS SHOWN BELOW HAVE BEEN ASSESSED ON SITE BY THE ASBESTOS SURVEYOR & ARE CONFIRMED NOT TO BE ACM'S.												
LOCATION DESCRIPTION MAT		TERIAL	LOCATION DE		ON DES	CRIPTION	MATERIAL	LOCATION DESCRIPTION		ON	MATERIAL	
GROUND FLOOR UNDERSTAIR CUPBOARD - PL*		WOOD										
16T FLOOR ½ LANDING CUPBOARD RHS – PL*		WOOD										
BRITISH RELAY COVER EXTERNAL RHS OF STAIRWELL		TEEL										
TOP FLOOR CANOPIES TO FRONT DOORS		MBER										
2 nd FLOOR RHS CUPBOARD CEILING		IMMF										