Fire Risk Assessment Coopers Lane





9-19, 21-37 Coopers Lane, Smethwick, B67 7DP

Date Completed: 20/10/2023

Review Period: 3 Years

Officer: C. Hill Fire Risk Assessor

Checked By: J. Blewitt Team Lead Fire Safety & Facilities

Current Risk Rating = Trivial



Subsequent reviews

| Review date | Officer | Comments |
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Contents

| Section 0 | Introduction | |
|------------|--|--|
| Section 1 | Significant Findings (executive summary) | |
| Section 2 | People at Significant Risk of Fire | |
| Section 3 | Contact Details | |
| Section 4 | Description of Premises | |
| Section 5 | Building Plan | |
| Section 6 | External Envelope | |
| Section 7 | Means of Escape from Fire | |
| Section 8 | Fire Detection and Alarm Systems | |
| Section 9 | Emergency Lighting | |
| Section 10 | Compartmentation | |
| Section 11 | Fire Fighting Equipment | |
| Section 12 | Fire Signage | |
| Section 13 | Employee Training | |
| Section 14 | Sources of Ignition | |
| Section 15 | Waste Control | |
| Section 16 | Control and Supervision of Contractors and Visitors | |
| Section 17 | Arson Prevention | |
| Section 18 | Storage Arrangements | |
| Section 19 | Additional Control Measures; Fire Risk Assessment – Level 2 Action Plan | |
| | | |
| Appendix 1 | Significant Hazards on Site and Information to be provided for the Fire Service Risk Rating of Block | |

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Introduction

The Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 (RR(FS)O) places a legal duty on landlords to complete a fire risk assessment (FRA). Specifically, RR(FS)O article 9. — (1) "The responsible person must make a suitable and sufficient assessment of the risks to which relevant persons are exposed for the purpose of identifying the general fire precautions he needs to take to comply with the requirements and prohibitions imposed on him by or under this Order".

This fire risk assessment has been written to comply fully with the above legislation which is enforced locally by West Midlands Fire Service. If required, complaints can be made to them by telephone on 0121 380 7500 or electronically on https://www.safety/#reportfiresafety. In the first instance however, we would be grateful if you could contact us directly via https://www.sandwell.gov.uk/info/200195/contact_the_council/283/feedback_and_complaints or by phone on 0121 569 6000.

The date of the fire risk assessment is on the front page, followed by any subsequent reviews. A recurring time frame is not set in legislation, but the Council will as a minimum review:

- High Risk Residential Buildings annually
- Other Buildings every 3 years

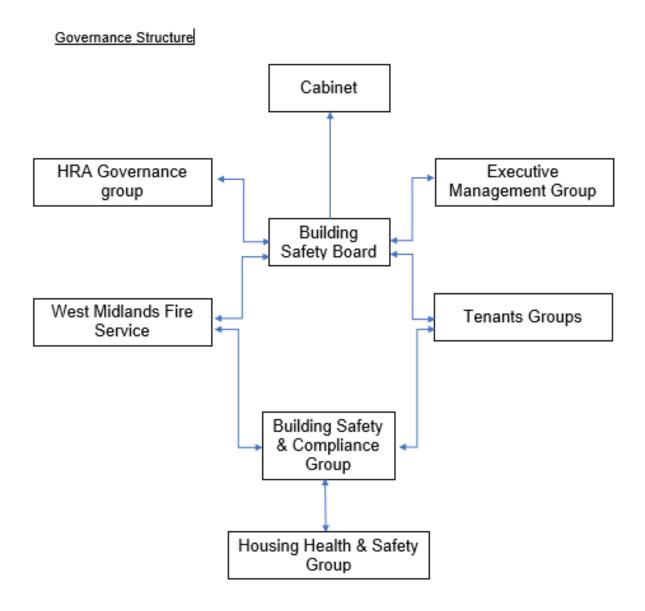
The council has procedures and policies in place that will trigger a review of the fire risk assessment. This then is recorded on the fire risk assessment. If the review suggests the fire risk assessment is not currently suitable and sufficient, then a new fire risk assessment will be undertaken and become the current fire risk assessment. The previous fire risk assessment will be retained in the building safety case for that building.

The following diagrams illustrate those procedures and persons that support the effective planning, organisation, control, monitoring and review of the preventive and protective measures. This information is provided as required under the RR(FS)O.



The above processes and procedures are overseen by the Fire Safety, Manager who reports to the Head of Building Safety

These managers attend the Building Safety and Compliance Group for scrutiny which is part of the governance structure below.



To summarise the fire risk assessment, in this scenario the RR(FS)O requires the prescribed information to be recorded. The prescribed information is the significant findings of the fire risk assessment and those groups or persons especially at risk from fire. This is recorded here in section 1. Also required to be recorded under article 11, are the fire safety arrangements for the planning, organisation, control, monitoring and review of the preventative and protective measures. The information shown above is part of this requirement.

1

Significant findings

The significant findings (executive summary) of the fire risk assessment include those measures that have been or will be undertaken by the responsible person in order to comply with the RR(FS)O 2005. Groups of people especially at risk of fire include such people as remote or lone workers, at risk due to layout of the building, visitors and contractors unfamiliar with the building layout as well as those with physical, sensory or mental health issues.

A third requirement that under the order must be recorded is the fire safety arrangements. This is the effective planning, organisation, control, monitoring and review of the preventive and protective measures. These are shown in the introduction.

Significant findings

Include a brief summary of protective and preventative measures where relevant along with any issues found;

The escape strategy is 'Stay Put Unless'. This means in the event of a fire in your flat you should evacuate. If there is a fire elsewhere in the building you should stay put unless you are affected by fire, smoke or you have been advised by the emergency services to leave.

| Section number | Section Area | Individual Risk Level |
|----------------|--|--------------------------|
| Section 6 | External Envelope | Trivial |
| | The external envelope of both blocks is predominantly traditional brick masonry. | |
| Section 7 | Means of Escape from Fire | Trivial |
| | Deck access and a single staircase provides a sufficient means of escape to the 1 st & 2 nd floors in block 21-37. | |
| | Flat entrance doors to block 21-37 are FD30s composite doors | |

| | Evidence of compliant fire rated entrance door required from leaseholder of flat 35. | |
|------------|---|---------|
| | Flat 35 leaseholder to remove security gate from entrance door. | |
| | Netting to 1 st floor deck access to be removed. <i>Resolved</i> | |
| Section 8 | Fire Detection and Alarm Systems | Trivial |
| | Fire detection within flats is installed to LD2 standard with smoke detectors to the hall / lounge and a heat detector within the kitchen. | |
| Section 9 | Emergency Lighting | Trivial |
| | Emergency lighting has not been installed within the communal areas. | |
| | Conventional lighting system has been installed to the means of escape. | |
| Section 10 | Compartmentation | Trivial |
| | The building is designed to provide a minimum 1-hour vertical fire resistance and 1-hour horizontal fire resistance around the flats and stairwell. | |
| | Flat entrance doors within block 21-37 are FD30s composite doors. | |
| | Flat entrance doors in block 9-19 are a combination of composite and timber doors. | |
| | There are no communal doors other than the entrance door to the stairwell in block 21-37. | |
| | | |

| Section 11 | Fire Fighting Equipment | Trivial |
|------------|--|---------|
| | There is no firefighting equipment within the block. | |
| Section 12 | Fire Signage | Trivial |
| | Directional escape signage has not been installed due to simplicity of layout. | |
| Section 13 | Employee Training | Trivial |
| | All staff receive basic fire safety awareness training. | |
| Section 14 | Sources of Ignition | Trivial |
| | The fixed electric tests should be done every 5 years, the last test date was: 01/03/2021. | |
| Section 15 | Waste Control | Trivial |
| | Regular checks by Caretakers minimise risk of waste accumulation. | |
| | Refuse chute in block 21-37. | |
| Section 16 | Control and Supervision of Contractors and Visitors | Trivial |
| | Contractors are controlled centrally, and hot works permits are required where necessary. | |
| Section 17 | Arson Prevention | Trivial |
| | A door entry system prevents unauthorised access. | |
| | Perimeter lighting is in place. | |

| Section 18 | Storage Arrangements | Trivial |
|------------|--|---------|
| | Residents have access to external storage cupboards in blocks 9-19 only. | |
| | Residents instructed not to bring L.P.G cylinders into block. | |

Risk Level Indicator

The following simple risk level estimator is based on commonly used risk level estimator:

| Likelihood of fire | Potential consequences of fire | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | Slight harm | Moderate harm | Extreme harm | | |
| Low | Trivial risk | Tolerable risk | Moderate risk | | |
| Medium | Tolerable risk | Moderate risk | Substantial risk | | |
| High | Moderate risk | Substantial risk | Intolerable risk | | |

Considering the fire prevention measures observed at the time of this risk assessment, it is considered that the hazard from fire (likelihood of fire) at these premises is:

| Low \square | Medium | \boxtimes | High □ |
|----------------|---------------|-------------|--|
| In this contex | κt, a definit | ion of | the above terms is as follows: |
| Low | | | Unusually low likelihood of fire because of negligible potential sources of ignition. |
| Medium | | | Normal fire hazards (e.g. potential ignition sources) for this type of occupancy, with fire hazards generally subject to appropriate controls (other than minor shortcomings). |
| High | | | Lack of adequate controls applied to one or more significant fire hazards, |

in likelihood of fire.

Considering the nature of the premises and the occupants, as well as the fire protection and procedural arrangements observed at the time of this fire risk assessment, it is considered that the consequences for life safety in the event of fire would be:

In this context, a definition of the above terms is as follows:

Moderate Harm □

Slight Harm ⊠

Slight harm Outbreak of fire unlikely to result in serious

injury or death of any occupant (other than an occupant sleeping in a room in which a

Extreme Harm

fire occurs).

Moderate harm Outbreak of fire could foreseeably result in

injury including serious injury) of one or more

occupants, but it is unlikely to involve

multiple fatalities.

Extreme harm Significant potential for serious injury or

death of one or more occupants.

Accordingly, it is considered that the risk to life from fire at these premises is:

Trivial \square Tolerable \boxtimes Moderate \square Substantial \square Intolerable \square

Comments

In conclusion, the likelihood of a fire is at a medium level of risk prior to the implementation of the action plan because of the potential fire hazards that have been highlighted within the risk assessment, including the installation of netting to the 1st floor deck access and the possibility that the flat entrance door to number 35 is not a fire rated door.

After considering the use of the premise and the occupants within the block, the consequences for life safety in the event of a fire would be slight harm. This is due to there being sufficient compartmentation to include FD30s doors to flat entrances in communal areas (block 21-37), alongside suitable smoke detection to LD2 standard within flats and a Stay Put – Unless policy.

Overall the level of risk at the time of this FRA is tolerable, this will be lowered to trivial once recommended actions have been completed.

A suitable risk-based control plan should involve effort and urgency that is proportional to risk. The following risk- based control plan is based on one that has been advocated for general health and safety risks:

| Risk level | Action and timescale |
|-------------|--|
| Trivial | No action is required, and no detailed records need to be kept. |
| Tolerable | No major additional fire precautions required. However, there might be a need for reasonably practicable improvements that involve minor or limited cost. |
| Moderate | It is essential that efforts are made to reduce the risk. Risk reduction measures, which should take cost into account, should be implemented within a defined time period. Where moderate risk is associated with consequences that constitute extreme harm, further assessment might be required to establish more precisely the likelihood of harm as a basis for determining the priority for improved control measures. |
| Substantial | Considerable resources might have to be allocated to reduce the risk. If the premises are unoccupied, it should not be occupied until the risk has been reduced. If the premises are occupied, urgent action should be taken. |
| Intolerable | Premises (or relevant area) should not be occupied until the risk is reduced. |

(Note that, although the purpose of this section is to place the fire risk in context, the above approach to fire risk assessment is subjective and for guidance only. All hazards and deficiencies identified in this report should be addressed by implementing all recommendations contained in the following action plan. The fire risk assessment should be reviewed regularly.)

2

People at Significant Risk of Fire

Persons at significant risk of fire does not just refer to those people with physical, sensory or mental health issues. It also includes those at risk due to the layout or features of the building such as inner rooms or dead-end conditions. Persons may also be at risk due to remote or lone working.

The RR(FS)O requires that these people are identified in any fire risk assessment.

Sandwell Council takes the health, safety and wellbeing of its colleagues, contractors, residents and leaseholders seriously. It is our policy to exceed, where possible, the minimum health and safety requirements of the law.

Residents are responsible for letting us know whether they might need a Personal Emergency Evacuation Plan (PEEP). The Resident Engagement Officers (Fire Safety) will conduct an assessment visit upon request. Any risk-reduction measures that are found where a PEEP is necessary and completed will be documented and taken quickly. With the consent of the resident, we will make a referral for West Midlands Fire Service to conduct a Safe and Well visit.

When a PEEP is in place, the relevant information will be kept in the secure Premise Information Box (High Rise Buildings only), which is set up to help WMFS in an emergency. The data is classified as level 1, which means it complies with the General Data Protection Regulations.

| Property No | Referral date | Date completed | Review date | Additional observations |
|-------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------------|
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3

Contact Details

The Chief Executive of Sandwell Metropolitan Borough Council has ultimate responsibility for the site as the responsible person identified by the RR(FS)O 2005.

The Chief Executive has put a structure in place to support the management of the site.

This includes the role of Building Safety Manager who has duties as defined within the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.

The contact names to support the management of the site are as follows:

Chief Executive

Shokat Lal

Interim Director of Housing

Dean Epton

Assistant Director Building Compliance

Phil Deery

Fire Safety Manager

Tony Thompson

Team Lead Fire Safety

Jason Blewitt

Fire Risk Assessor(s)

Carl Hill

Louis Conway (Trainee)

Anthony Smith

Resident Engagement Officer - Fire Safety

Lee Mlilo

Abdul Monim Khan

Housing Office Manager

Susan Geddes

Please note, the above details are correct at the time of the production of the risk assessment and may be subject to change

Description of Premises

Coopers Lane 9-19, 21-37 Smethwick B67 7DP.

Description of the Property

These two low-rise blocks were constructed in 1973 of traditional brick cavity construction.

Block 9-19 has no internal communal areas & consists of 2 storeys inclusive of ground with 3 flats per floor. The external envelope consists of traditional masonry, PVC shiplap cladding to the facias, uPVC double glazed units to individual flats & a combination of composite & timber flat entrance doors which are all to the ground floor.











Block 21-37 consists of 3 stories inclusive of ground with 3 flats per floor.





The 1st and 2nd floor flats are accessed via a single entrance door which leads to an open staircase. The door is opened with a fob in addition, is a fire control switch for firefighter access.







The staircase is partially open to the elements and leads to a deck access on floors 1 & 2.







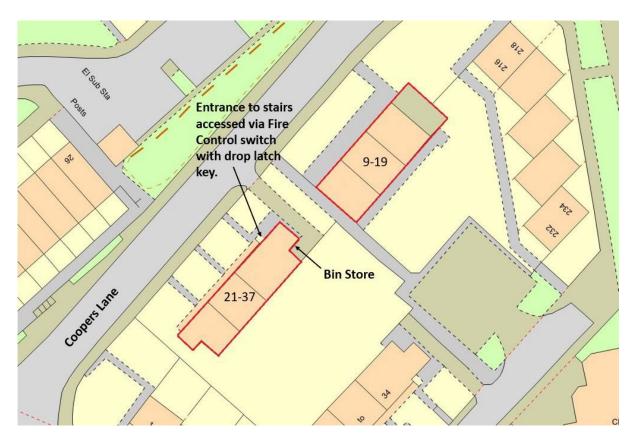
An open deck access measuring 1000mm in width provides a means of escape for flats to the 1st & 2nd floor.





Each block has a flat roof with no internal access.

On arrival Information (for WMFS)



Block 9-19 Ground floor flats have front and rear doors.

Block 21-37

Access is gained via the firefighter's door override switch utilising a drop latch key.

Refuse chute within the stairwell. Bin store to the rear as per the plan above.

The communal, any workplace areas and the external envelope of the building are subject to the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 as confirmed by the Fire Safety Act 2021.

The enforcing authority is West Midlands Fire Service

| High/Low Rise | Low |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Number of Floors | Block 9-19 is 2 |
| | Block 21-37 is 3 |
| Date of Construction | 1973 |
| Construction Type | Traditional Brick Cavity / |
| | Concrete. |
| Last Refurbished | Unknown |
| External Cladding | PVC Shiplap to facia's / roof line. |
| | Concrete tiles beneath rear |
| | windows block 21-37. |
| Number of Lifts | None |
| Number of Staircases | 1 – block 21-37 |
| Automatic Smoke Ventilation to | No |
| communal area | |
| Fire Alarm System | No |
| Refuse Chute | Yes – block 21-37 |
| Access to Roof | Flat roof accessed externally. |
| Equipment on roof (e.g. mobile | No |
| phone station etc) | |

Persons at Risk

Residents / Occupants in total of 15 flats,

Visitors,

Sandwell MBC employees,

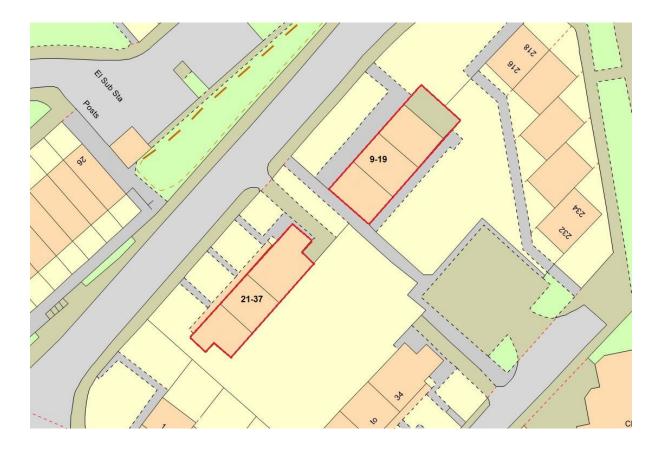
Contractors,

Service providers (e.g. meter readers, delivery people etc)

Statutory bodies (e.g. W.M.F.S, Police, and Ambulance)

Building Plan

A typical floor layout showing horizontal lines of each block.



6

External envelope

Following the introduction of the Fire Safety Act 2021, consideration needs to be given to the external envelope of the building for any fire risk. This predominantly means the external wall construction including any insulation filler. It also includes balconies and any other fixtures as well as doors and windows.

Below is a breakdown of the materials used within the external envelope and, as part of the external wall system of 9-19 & 21-37 Coopers Lane.

It is deemed that the combination and application of these materials present an acceptable level of fire risk.

1) The external envelope of 9 – 19 & 21 -37 Coopers Lane is predominantly traditional brick masonry.

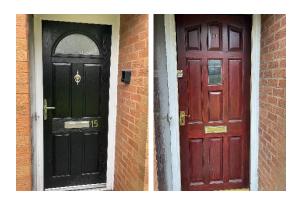




2) Windows to all flats are uPVC double glazed units.



3) Flat entrance doors to block 9-19 are a combination of composite or timber.



4) Residents storage cupboard doors in block 9 -19 are timber.



5) Flat entrance doors to block 21 -37 are predominately FD30s composite type. Door type to flat 35 was unknown at the time of the, assessment see section 7.





6) uPVC shiplap cladding has been installed to the facias of each block.



7) Steel railings have been installed to the deck access on the 1^{st} and 2^{nd} floors of block 21-37.







8) Timber doors have been installed to the refuse bin store.

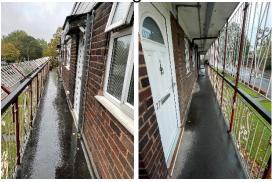


Means of Escape from Fire

1) Block 21 – 37 has a single staircase that provides a sufficient means of escape from the 1st & 2nd floors. The stairs are 1020 in width at the narrowest point.



2) Deck access to the 1st & 2nd floors provide a means of escape to the staircase and is 1000mm in width. Grills to the 1st floor open deck are full height.



3) All windows along the deck access were noted as 1100mm above the floor which is sufficient, airbricks were 1700mm.



- 4) The means of escape are protected to prevent the spread of fire and smoke.
- 5) There are no communal doors to the blocks other than the stairwell entrance door to block 21-37.



6) The final exit door to the stairwell has a door entry system installed. This system is designed to fail safe i.e. door unlocked in the event of a power failure. This prevents residents from being locked in or out of the building.



7) Automatic smoke ventilation is not employed because the stairwell landings are naturally ventilated & open to the elements.



8) Refuse chute hoppers are present between floors in the communal staircase.



- 9) Communal windows to the stairwell are fixed and not openable.
- 10)Communal areas are kept free of flammable items. The communal areas are checked on a regular basis by Caretaking / Cleaning teams 365 days per year and all items of rubbish are immediately removed. There is also an out of hour's service that allows combustible items of furniture / rubbish to be removed.
- 11)Individual floor mats were noted outside some flats. Fire rating of the mats is unknown but deemed to be of low risk.
- 12)Emergency lighting is not present however, conventional lighting is provided to the communal staircase and deck access in block 21 37.





13) Service cupboards containing resident's meters are located on landings within the open staircase. Cupboards are secured with timber ledge & brace doors.





14) Cupboards containing incinerators which are now decommissioned are adjacent service cupboards on landings.



15) There is a small ground floor service cupboard secured with a timber ply door which leads to a void beneath the stairwell.





- 16) The building has sufficient passive controls that provide effective compartmentation in order to support a Stay Put-Unless Policy. Therefore, residents are advised to remain in their flat unless the fire directly affects them, or they are asked to leave by the emergency services.
- 17)Individual flat doors to block 21 37 are FD30s composite fire door sets with intumescent strips, cold smoke seals and self-closing devices. The majority of doors are manufactured by Nationwide.





- 18)Because of the shared communal areas access is gained to a sample of properties in block 21-37 as part of the fire risk assessment. This is to ensure the doors have not been tampered with by residents etc.
 - a) Flat 31 Door was correct.



b) Flat 33 – Door was correct.



- 19) The entrance door to flat 35 appears to be a non-fire rated door set. Occupants of flat 37 would have to pass by this entrance door along the open deck access which is their sole means of escape.
 - Attempts to inspect the door from both sides failed because the leaseholder was not home on the two occasions that the assessor visited.



20) A retractable security gate has been installed to flat 35 entrance door.



21) Individual flat entrance flat doors to block 9-19 are a combination of composite and solid door sets. There is no legislative requirement for these doors to be fire rated door sets as they open directly into a place of ultimate safety.





22) Netting has been installed to the deck access grills adjacent flat 31.



23) Pot plants were noted on the 2nd floor landing. Plants were in an area that would not cause obstruction to persons travelling the stairwell / means of escape.



Section

8

Fire Detection and Alarm Systems

- Early warning is limited to hard wire or battery smoke alarms within each of the resident's flats. The equipment is subjected to a cyclical test.
- 2) Based on the sample of properties accessed during the fire risk assessment the smoke alarms within resident's flats are installed to an LD2 Standard.

Flat 31 – LD2 Flat 33 – LD2

LD1 all rooms except wet rooms LD2 all-risk rooms e.g. Living Room, Kitchens and Hallway. LD3 Hallway only

- 3) There is no effective means for detecting an outbreak of fire to communal areas. The reason for this are:
 - I. Such systems may get vandalised.
 - II. False alarms would occur.
 - III. A Stay Put Unless policy is in place
 - IV. Communal areas are open to the elements.

9

Emergency Lighting

- 1) Emergency lighting is not present within the blocks
- 2) Conventional lighting has been installed to the communal landings and deck access.





Compartmentation

- 1) The building is designed to provide as a minimum 1-hour vertical fire resistance and 1-hour horizontal fire resistance around flats and stairwells. All doors are a minimum 30-minute fire resistant with cold smoke seals, including those in 1-hour rated walls.
- 2) The premise does not have sufficient compartmentation to limit the travel and effect of smoke and flame in event of a fire in communal areas due to open plan staircase.



- 3) There are no communal doors other than the entrance door fitted within the property.
- 4) All service cupboards to the stairwell landings are locked with suited padlocks. The doors to these service cupboards are not fire rated because the area is open to the elements. A recommendation to upgrade the doors as part of future refurbishment works has been recorded in the observations section of this FRA.





- 5) A variety of methods / materials have been used to achieve firestopping including Rockwool, fire rated sponge and intumescent pillows.
- 6) The fire stopping / compartmentation is subject to a 12-week check by the Fire Safety Rapid Response Team.
- 7) Any remedial works arising from the fire stopping / compartmentation check(s) will be actioned immediately by the Fire Safety Rapid Response Team.
- 8) Individual flat doors to block 21 37 are FD30s composite fire door sets with intumescent strips, cold smoke seals and self-closing devices. The majority of doors are manufactured by Nationwide. The details of the door to flat 35 could not be determined at the time of this FRA, see section 7/19.



9) Individual flat entrance flat doors to block 9-19 are a combination of composite and solid door sets. There is no legislative requirement for these doors to be fire rated door sets as they open directly into a place of ultimate safety.



Fire Fighting Equipment

1) The premises have no provision for firefighting equipment.

Section 12

Fire Signage

- 1) Directional fire escape signage has not been installed due to simplicity of layout.
- 2) There are no fire doors installed within the premise therefore Fire Door signage is not currently required.

Employee & Resident Training/Provision of Information

- All Caretaking / Cleaning Employees have undertaken fire safety training. This includes use of bespoke 'Fire Safety in High / Low Rise Flatted Accommodation' Video.
- 2) All employees are encouraged to complete 'In the line of fire' training on an annual basis.
- Caretaking Teams are not currently trained in the effective use of fire extinguishers.
- Housing Directorate employees assigned to undertake Fire Safety Inspections have received IFE approved training via West Midlands Fire Service.
- 5) Staff undertaking fire risk assessments are qualified to or working towards Level 4 Diploma in Fire Safety.
- 6) Fire safety information has been provided as part of tenancy pack.
- 7) Information regarding use of fire doors is provided to residents.



8) Information regarding the Stay Put unless fire evacuation strategy is provided to residents.



Sources of Ignition

1) Smoking is prohibited within any communal parts of the building in line with Smoke Free England legislation.



- 2) Hot working is not normally carried out. If essential maintenance requires the use of hot work processes, then corporate policies and procedures are to be followed.
- 3) Portable electrical equipment used as part of the Caretaking / Cleaning regime is subject to annual PAT Testing. This information is held by the Estate Services Manager Bryan Low.
- 4) The fixed electrical installation shall be tested every 5 years. The last inspection was 01/03/2021.

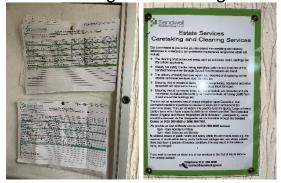


5) The electrical installation i.e. risers are contained within dedicated service cupboards within the open stairwell. The cupboards are

- secured with a suited padlock and keys are provided to residents for access to their meters.
- 6) Gas appliances and pipework (where installed) are subject to annual testing and certification. This cyclical contract is managed by the in-house Gas Team. Gas supply pipework is internal to the building.

Waste Control

1) There is a regular Cleaning Service to the premises.



2) Refuse hoppers are accessed on the 1st and 2nd floors.



3) Refuse containers are located in the bin store to the rear elevation.



- 4) Flats 9-19 and 21-25 all have access to independent wheelie bins.
- Regular checks by Caretakers minimise risk of waste accumulation.
- 6) 'Out of Hours' service in place to remove bulk items.

Control and Supervision of Contractors and Visitors

- Responsive Repairs service delivered by Sandwell MBC necessitates the production of an order via the computerised repairs system. Details of any known risks are documented on the repair order.
- 2) Hot works are not permitted unless authorisation is given via the approved officer. The hot works procedure is to be followed.
- 3) Utility companies are not allowed to access any service cupboard or secure area. They must request and collect maintenance keys from the local housing office. This allows scrutiny of what is the scope of any works such as installation of tenant's broadband / phone line etc.

- 4) Where contractors are appointed to undertake major refurbishment works, Sandwell MBC Urban Design team will put control measures in place. Such Measures include:
 - a) Pre-Contract Meetings where contractor is made aware of all working arrangements and safe systems of work to be adopted. Issues covered in this meeting will include:
 - Health and Safety.
 - Site security.
 - Safety of working and impact on children/school business.
 - Fire risk, if any.
 - Site Emergency Plan.
 - b) Monthly Site Meetings in order to monitor, review and share any new information including any new risks.
 - c) Site monitored daily whilst work is in progress by Clerk of Works / Health and Safety Officers.
 - d) Final Contractor review on completion of works undertaken.

Arson Prevention

- 1) Regular checks are undertaken by Caretakers / Cleaning Team(s) 365 days per year which helps reduce the risk of arson.
- 2) Restricted access to the premises by means of a door entry system.



- 3) There is no current evidence of arson.
- 4) The perimeter of the premises is well illuminated.



5) There have been no reported fire incidents since the last FRA (November 2017).

Storage Arrangements

- 1) Residents are instructed not to bring L.P.G cylinders into block.
- 2) The tenancy conditions, Section 7 Condition 5.6 stipulates "If you live in a flat or maisonette, you, people living with you and any visitors to your property must not keep or use paraffin oil, petrol, bottled gas appliances or any other explosive, FLAMMABLE or dangerous material in the property. This restriction also applies to any storage facility situated in or attached to the block, which has been provided for your use."
- 3) No Flammable liquids stored on site by Caretakers / cleaners.
- 4) All store cupboards are kept locked.
- 5) There are no flammable liquids or gas cylinders stored on site.

Additional Control Measures; Fire Risk Assessment - Level 2 Action Plan

Significant Findings

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| It is | s considered | that the fo | ollowing re | ecommenda | tions | should be | |
|-------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------|---------------|----------|
| imį | olemented to | reduce fir | e risk to, | or maintain | it at, t | the following | g level: |

Trivial ⊠ Tolerable □

Definition of priorities (where applicable):

P1 Arrange and complete as urgent – Within 10 days

P2 Arrange and complete within 1-3 Months of assessment date

P3 Arrange and complete within 3-6 Months of assessment date

P4 Arrange and complete exceeding 6 months under programmed work



Fire Risk Assessment Level 2 Action Plan



Name of Premises or Location: Coopers Lane 9-19 & 21-37

Date of Action Plan: 16/11/2023

Review Date: <Insert date>

| Question/ Ref No | Required Action | Supporting photograph | Priority | Timescale and Person Responsible | Date Completed |
|---------------------|--|-----------------------|----------|---|-------------------|
| 07/19 | Flat 35 – Leaseholder to provide evidence that entrance door is fire rated to FD30s standard. Alternatively provide access for inspection. | 35 | P2 | Within 1 – 3 months of action plan date. Leasehold management | 12/04/2024 |

| 07/20 | Flat 35 – Leaseholder to remove security gate that has been installed to flat entrance door frame. | 35 | P2 | Within 1 – 3 months of action plan date. Leasehold management | 08/12/2023 |
|-------|--|----|----|---|------------|
| 07/22 | Netting installed to access balcony adjacent flat 31 to be removed. | | P2 | Within 1 – 3 months of action plan date. Housing Manager | 02/02/2024 |

When undertaking future improvement program(s), it is advised that the observations listed below should be given consideration (noting that the safety of the residents is not jeopardised by these, and all steps to reduce any known risks have been taken).

Observations

Replace all service & incinerator cupboard doors on landings in block 21-37 with FD30s doors secured with suited mortice lock. Service cupboards with tenants meters to have 138 locks.





Signed

| Chill | Fire Risk Assessor | Date: 16/11/2023 |
|--------|-------------------------|------------------|
| Meunet | Quality Assurance Check | Date: 20/11/2023 |

Appendix 1

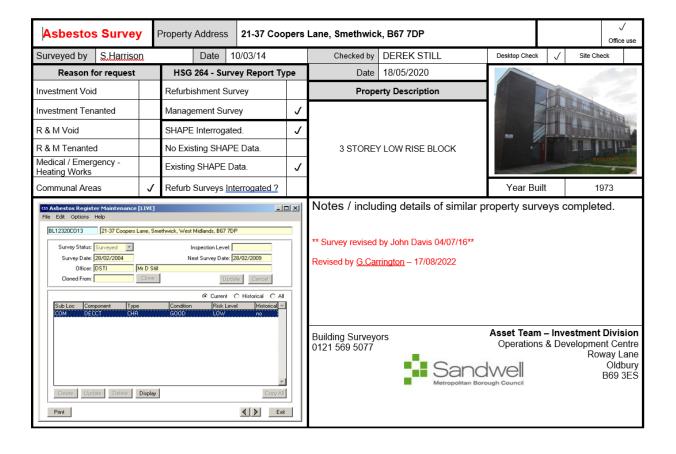
Significant Hazards on Site and Information to be Provided for the Fire Service

Name of property: Coopers Lane 9-19 & 21-37

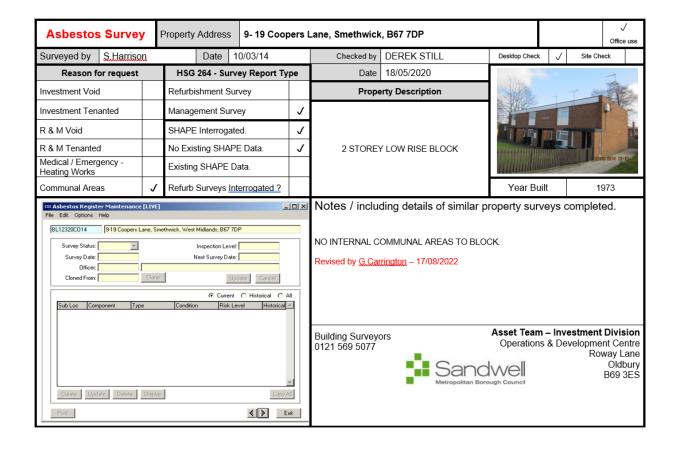
Updated: 16/11/23

Premise Manager: Tony Thompson Tel. No.: 0121 569 2975

| Hazard | Information/Comments |
|----------|--|
| Asbestos | An asbestos survey has been undertaken of the communal areas. Survey held by Sandwell Housing (Derek Still Tel:- 0121 569 5077). Include survey |



| Sample Locations | | Prope Addre | | oopers L | ane 21-37, S | methwick. B67 | 7DP. | | | | | |
|--|------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------|--|---|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| LOCATION | | MATERIAL | | QTY | SURFACE TREATMEN | | RESULT | HSE NOTIF Y | Labelled 2 | ACTION TAKEN ON CONTRACT | | |
| IF DURING THE COURSE OF WOR | K SUSP | ECTED A | CM'S ARE | DENTIFIE | D THAT ARE N | OT CONTAINED N | VITHIN THIS REP | ORT ST | OP W | ORK & SEEK ADVICE | | |
| 2 ND FLOOR STAIRS/LANDING - STORE ADJAC REFUSE HOPPER - INCINERATOR FLUE PII | | CEI | MENT | - | UN-SEALED | PRESUMED | CHRYSOTILE | NO | NO | | | |
| 1 ST FLOOR STAIRS/LANDING - STORE ADJAC REFUSE HOPPER - INCINERATOR FLUE PIL | DENT PE | CEI | MENT | - | UN-SEALED | PRESUMED | CHRYSOTILE | NO | NO | | | |
| COMMUNAL STAIRS/LANDING - ALL CEILINGS/S | OFFITS | TEXTURE | D COATING | - | - | - | - | - | - | REQUEST SAMPLE IF TO BE DISTURBED | | |
| COMMUNAL STAIRS/LANDING - ALL WALL | .s | TEXTURE | D COATING | - | - | - | - | - | - | REQUEST SAMPLE IF TO BE DISTURBED | | |
| ACCESS WALKWAY FLOORS | | ASPHALT | | - | - | - | - | - | - | REQUEST SAMPLE IF TO BE DISTURBED | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | • | | NO ACCESS | TO GROUN | ID FLOOR UNDER | STAIRS CUPBOARD | | • | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ITEMS SHOWN BELO | W HAVE | E BEEN A | SSESSED (| ON SITE B | Y THE ASBEST | OS SURVEYOR 8 | ARE CONFIRM | ED NOT | то ве | ACM's. | | |
| LOCATION DESCRIPTION | MAT | ERIAL | LOCA | TION DES | CRIPTION | MATERIAL | LOCATIO | N DESC | RIPTIO | ON MATERIAL | | |
| CANOPIES TO FRONT DOORS – SOFFIT | TIM | MBER | | OOR LANDIN | G STORES – ANELS | STIRLING BOARD | | | | | | |
| CANOPIES TO FRONT DOORS – ROOF COVERING | | MINERAL ELT | MAIN ENTRANCE – PAI | | | PLYWOOD | | | | | | |
| 2 ND FLOOR LANDING – TRANSOM ABOVE WINDOW | PLY | WOOD | VOOD EXTERNA | | EXTERNAL REAR - BIN STORE TRANSOM PANELS | | - BIN <u>STORE</u> ANELS | PLYWOOD | | | | |
| 1 ST AND 2 ND FLOOR ACCESS WALKWAYS | CON | ODETE 2 ND FL | | FLOOR STAI | RWELL - TRANSOMS | MAN <u>MADE</u> <u>MINERAL</u> FIBRE | | | | | | |
| RAIN WATER PIPES TO ACCESS WALKWAYS | ME | ETAL | ALL FLATS | FRONT DO | OR FRAME SEAL | SILICONE | | | | | | |



| Sample Locations | | Property Address | Coopers | Lane 9- 19, Sm | ethwick, B67 | 7DP | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|-------------|----------------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| LOCATION | LOCATION MATER | | QTY | SURFACE TREATMENT | SAMPLE | RESULT | HSE NOTIF Y | Labelled 2 | ACTION TAKEN ON CONTRACT |
| IF DURING THE COURSE OF WOR | K SUSPECT | TED ACM'S AF | RE IDENTIFI | ED THAT ARE NO | T CONTAINED | WITHIN THIS REP | ORT ST | OP WO | RK & SEEK ADVICE |
| | | | NO INTERNAL | COMMUNAL AREAS 1 | O BLOCK | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
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| | | | | | | | | | |
| ITEMS SHOWN BELO | W HAVE BE | EEN ASSESSE | D ON SITE | BY THE ASBESTO | S SURVEYOR | & ARE CONFIRME | D NOT | TO BE A | ACM's. |
| LOCATION DESCRIPTION | MATERIA | | CATION DE | SCRIPTION | MATERIAL | LOCATIO | N DESC | RIPTION | MATERIAL MATERIAL |
| FLAT 15 FRONT DOOR FRAME SEAL | NO VISIBI SEALAN | ILE IT | | | | | | | |
| ALL OTHER FLATS – FRONT DOOR FRAME SEAL | SILICON | IE | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

About the Report

All Survey Methodology is based upon HSE document HSG 264 - Asbestos: The Survey Guide. All surveyors are experienced British Occupational Hygiene Society (BOHS) P402 qualified surveyors with extensive Surveying & Refurbishment Project experience specific to Sandwell Homes' managed housing stock.

The person or persons using this report to programme refurbishment work on site are assumed to be competent & experienced in the field of domestic refurbishment projects & have suitable & sufficient asbestos awareness to understand the scope of this report & apply it to the gesied. All trade operatives working on site are also expected to have relevant asbestos awareness training & experience. IF NO DUBT STOP & ASK!

SHAPE: Sandwell Homes' integrated (CT solution holds the Company Asbestos Register. The Asbestos Register is interrogated when completing the asbestos survey report to ensure that ACM's in similar properties are considered where relevant. The Register holds details of all suspected or confirmed ACM's identified during Refurbishment & Demolition programmes as well as Repairs activities for the past 11 years. If potential ACM's wave been identified within difficult to survey areas such as Carlety Walls, Floor Yolds etc these will be highlighted within the report. The interrogation of the Company Asbestos Register compliments the survey & report process it does not substitute the Refurbishment & Demolition Survey.

Void Properties – The Building Surveying team who undertake Refurbishment & Demoition Asbestos Surveys also undertake Domestic Energy Assessment Surveys, Boroscope Surveys for Thermal Insulation & Fire Integrity Assessments to a representative percentage of the void turn over.

Site Overview Page 2 – This section is included to aid surveying & to ensure comprehensive survey information is detailed.

| Term | Explanation |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Property Address | Specific Property to which survey relates. |
| Surveyed by | Relates to P402 trained surveyor. |
| Blank | Blank |
| Type of Work to be undertaken | Relates to the envisaged type of work that the Asbestos Survey Report will be used to aid. This assists the asbestos surveyor to guide his survey methodology & will help the users of this report decide if it is suitable for the work activity being undertaken. |
| ACM | Asbestos Containing Material. |
| HSE Notify | This highlights if a material normally requires notification to the Health & Safety Executive prior to removal. GUIDANCE ONLY. |
| Bulk Sample | Sample of potential ACM that is representative of the whole. |
| Request Sample | The item described has not been tested for Asbestos content. The item must be presumed to contain asbestos until sampling confirms. If work is going to be undertaken in this area sample should be requested prior to work starting. |
| Awaiting Results | If no results have been detailed then you must not work on these items until you receive further confirmation. |
| Extent | An estimate of quantity will be given where possible to aid work planning & valuation. |
| Labels | Materials <u>will be</u> labelled where practical. Labelling will be not be undertaken to low risk materials e.g. foor ties, Textured Coalings etc or where labelling could easily permitted acceptance of removed or will presumed ACM's will be labelled as "Asbestos" where possible. All sampled materials will be labelled with an" Asbestos Sampide' label. |

| Term | Explanation |
|--|--|
| Photo's | These will usually be provided for the front elevation of the property to aid identification. |
| Sampled by | P402 trained surveyor. |
| Checked by | P402 trained surveyor who checks report prior to issuing. |
| Survey Report Type | Report type is determined by the type of work to be undertaken. The reader of this report must satisfy themselves that the scope of the survey is sufficient for the purpose of work being undertaken. |
| Refurbishment Survey | HSG 264 – Refurbishment & Demolition Survey. Surveying undertaken to all parts of the property presuming full decent homes refurbishment, which may include, New Kitchen, New Bathroom, Electrical Rewire, Re-root, Full Heating System. Taking account of the complete structure of the property & archetype information available. This survey has been carried out without detailed knowledge of the works to be undertaken during refurbishment. |
| Management Survey | A management survey is the standard survey. Its purpose is to locate, as far as reasonably practicable, the presence and extent of any suspect ACMs in the building which could be damaged or disturbed during normal occupancy, including foreseeable maintenance and installation, and to assess their condition. |
| Cavity Walls / Floor Voids or similar. | Will be assessed at survey stage & desidop assessment of similar archetypes. |
| SP | Strong Presumption that material contains asbestos. Used to qualify possible false negative laboratory results. |
| Photo's | Where practical & to aid the identification of ambiguous material locations photos will be included within the report to ensure that materials are identified on-site correctly. Photos will be annotated where necessary. |