# Fire Risk Assessment Queen Street (Blocks 2-12 14-24)





# Queen Street, Princess End, Tipton, DY4 9JH

**Date Completed:** 07/05/2024.

Review Period: 3 years

Officer: Louis Conway Fire Risk Assessor

Checked By: J Blewitt Team Lead Fire Safety & Facilities

**Current Risk Rating = Tolerable** 



# **Subsequent reviews**

Review date	Officer	Comments

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### Introduction

The Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 (RR(FS)O) places a legal duty on landlords to complete a fire risk assessment (FRA). Specifically, RR(FS)O article 9. — (1) "The responsible person must make a suitable and sufficient assessment of the risks to which relevant persons are exposed for the purpose of identifying the general fire precautions he needs to take to comply with the requirements and prohibitions imposed on him by or under this Order".

This fire risk assessment has been written to comply fully with the above legislation which is enforced locally by West Midlands Fire Service. If required, complaints can be made to them by telephone on 0121 380 7500 or electronically on <a href="https://www.wmfs.net/our-services/fire-safety/#reportfiresafety">https://www.safety/#reportfiresafety</a>. In the first instance however, we would be grateful if you could contact us directly via <a href="https://www.sandwell.gov.uk/info/200195/contact\_the\_council/283/feedback\_and\_complaints">https://www.sandwell.gov.uk/info/200195/contact\_the\_council/283/feedback\_and\_complaints</a> or by phone on 0121 569 6000.

The date of the fire risk assessment is on the front page, followed by any subsequent reviews. A recurring time frame is not set in legislation, but the Council will as a minimum review:

- High Risk Residential Buildings annually
- Other Buildings every 3 years

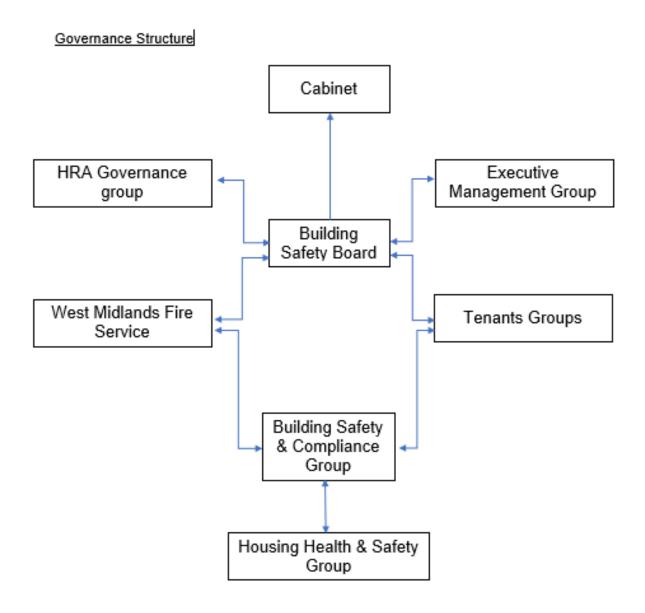
The council has procedures and policies in place that will trigger a review of the fire risk assessment. This then is recorded on the fire risk assessment. If the review suggests the fire risk assessment is not currently suitable and sufficient, then a new fire risk assessment will be undertaken and become the current fire risk assessment. The previous fire risk assessment will be retained in the building safety case for that building.

The following diagrams illustrate those procedures and persons that support the effective planning, organisation, control, monitoring and review of the preventive and protective measures. This information is provided as required under the RR(FS)O.



The above processes and procedures are overseen by the Fire Safety, Manager who reports to the Head of Building Safety

These managers attend the Building Safety and Compliance Group for scrutiny which is part of the governance structure below.



To summarise the fire risk assessment, in this scenario the RR(FS)O requires the prescribed information to be recorded. The prescribed information is the significant findings of the fire risk assessment and those groups or persons especially at risk from fire. This is recorded here in <a href="section 1">section 1</a>. Also required to be recorded under article 11, are the fire safety arrangements for the planning, organisation, control, monitoring and review of the preventative and protective measures. The information shown above is part of this requirement.

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# Significant findings

The significant findings (executive summary) of the fire risk assessment include those measures that have been or will be undertaken by the responsible person in order to comply with the RR(FS)O 2005. Groups of people especially at risk of fire include such people as remote or lone workers, at risk due to layout of the building, visitors and contractors unfamiliar with the building layout as well as those with physical, sensory or mental health issues.

A third requirement that under the order must be recorded is the fire safety arrangements. This is the effective planning, organisation, control, monitoring and review of the preventive and protective measures. These are shown in the introduction.

#### Significant findings

Include a brief summary of protective and preventative measures where relevant along with any issues found;

The escape strategy is 'Stay Put Unless'. This means in the event of a fire in your flat you should evacuate. If there is a fire elsewhere in the building you should stay put unless you are affected by fire, smoke or you have been advised by the emergency services to leave.

Section number	Section Area	Individual Risk Level
Section 6	External Envelope The original construction of the blocks was a concrete masonry construction, and the external envelope reflects this.	Tolerable
Section 7	Means of Escape from Fire is the means of escape are protected to prevent the spread of fire and smoke, there is a single staircase leading to final exit doors on the ground floor of each block.	Trivial

Section 8	Fire Detection and Alarm Systems Early warning is limited to hard wire or battery smoke alarms within each of the resident's flats, smoke alarms within resident's flats are installed to a minimum of an LD3 Standard.	Trivial
Section 9	Emergency Lighting No emergency lighting present	Trivial
Section 10	Compartmentation The building is designed to provide as a minimum 1-hour vertical fire resistance and 30 minutes horizontal fire resistance around flats. All doors from dwellings are 30-minute fire resistant with cold smoke seals and self-closing devices, including those in 1-hour rated walls.	Trivial
Section 11	Fire Fighting Equipment The premises have no provisions for firefighting equipment.	Trivial
Section 12	Fire Signage Appropriate signage is displayed.	Trivial
Section 13	Employee Training All staff receive basic fire safety awareness training.	Trivial
Section 14	Sources of Ignition The fixed electrical installation shall be tested every 5 years. It was noted that the last inspection was last completed 02/2021.	Trivial
Section 15	Waste Control Cleaning and caretaking Provisions operate at the blocks, bins are stored away from the premises and are emptied regularly.	Trivial

Section 16	Control and Supervision of Contractors and Visitors Contractors are controlled centrally, and hot works permits are required where necessary.	Trivial
Section 17	Arson Prevention There have been no reported fire incidents since the last FRA.	Trivial
Section 18	Storage Arrangements Residents have access to storage cupboards on the ground floor of block 2-12.	Trivial

### **Risk Level Indicator**

The following simple risk level estimator is based on commonly used risk level estimator:

Likelihood of fire	Potential consequences of fire			
Likelinood of fire	Slight harm	Moderate harm	Extreme harm	
Low	Trivial risk	Tolerable risk	Moderate risk	
Medium	Tolerable risk	Moderate risk	Substantial risk	
High	Moderate risk	Substantial risk	Intolerable risk	

High	<b>Moder</b>	ate risk	Substantial risk	Intolerable ris	
Considering the fire prevention measures observed at the time of this risk assessment, it is considered that the hazard from fire (likelihood of fire) at these premises is:					
Low   Medium	$\boxtimes$	High □			
In this context, a defini	tion of	the above t	erms is as follows:		
Low		•	low likelihood of fir e potential sources		
Medium		sources) for fire hazard	e hazards (e.g. pot or this type of occu s generally subjec e controls (other th ngs).	pancy, with t to	
High		one or mo	equate controls ap re significant fire ha result in significan d of fire.	azards,	
Considering the nature fire protection and protection fire risk assessment, it in the event of fire would	cedural	arrangeme	ents observed at th	ne time of this	
Slight Harm ⊠ Mo	derate	Harm □	Extreme Harm □		

In this context, a definition of the above terms is as follows:

Slight harm Outbreak of fire unlikely to result in serious

injury or death of any occupant (other than an occupant sleeping in a room in which a

fire occurs).

Moderate harm Outbreak of fire could foreseeably result in

injury including serious injury) of one or more

occupants, but it is unlikely to involve

multiple fatalities.

**Extreme harm** Significant potential for serious injury or

death of one or more occupants.

Accordingly, it is considered that the risk to life from fire at these premises is:

Trivial ⊢ ⊢	Tolerable 🖂	Moderate	Substantial □	Intolerable
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#### Comments

In conclusion, the likelihood of a fire is at a medium level of risk prior to the implementation of the action plan because of the normal fire hazards that have been highlighted within the risk assessment such as residents leaving combustible items within the communal areas.

After considering the use of the premise and the occupants within the blocks, the consequences for life safety in the event of a fire would be slight harm due to the simplicity in the layout and a Stay Put Unless policy being in place with adequate detection within flats.

A suitable risk-based control plan should involve effort and urgency that is proportional to risk. The following risk- based control plan is based on one that has been advocated for general health and safety risks:

Risk level	Action and timescale
Trivial	No action is required, and no detailed records need to be kept.
Tolerable	No major additional fire precautions required. However, there might be a need for reasonably practicable improvements that involve minor or limited cost.
Moderate	It is essential that efforts are made to reduce the risk. Risk reduction measures, which should take cost into account, should be implemented within a defined time period. Where moderate risk is associated with consequences that constitute extreme harm, further assessment might be required to establish more precisely the likelihood of harm as a basis for determining the priority for improved control measures.
Substantial	Considerable resources might have to be allocated to reduce the risk. If the premises are unoccupied, it should not be occupied until the risk has been reduced. If the premises are occupied, urgent action should be taken.
Intolerable	Premises (or relevant area) should not be occupied until the risk is reduced.

(Note that, although the purpose of this section is to place the fire risk in context, the above approach to fire risk assessment is subjective and for guidance only. All hazards and deficiencies identified in this report should be addressed by implementing all recommendations contained in the following action plan. The fire risk assessment should be reviewed regularly.)

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# **People at Significant Risk of Fire**

Persons at significant risk of fire does not just refer to those people with physical, sensory or mental health issues. It also includes those at risk due to the layout or features of the building such as inner rooms or dead-end conditions. Persons may also be at risk due to remote or lone working.

The RR(FS)O requires that these people are identified in any fire risk assessment.

Sandwell Council takes the health, safety and wellbeing of its colleagues, contractors, residents and leaseholders seriously. It is our policy to exceed, where possible, the minimum health and safety requirements of the law.

Residents are responsible for letting us know whether they might need a Personal Emergency Evacuation Plan (PEEP). The Resident Engagement Officers (Fire Safety) will conduct an assessment visit upon request. Any risk-reduction measures that are found where a PEEP is necessary and completed will be documented and taken quickly. With the consent of the resident, we will make a referral for West Midlands Fire Service to conduct a Safe and Well visit.

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### **Contact Details**

The Chief Executive of Sandwell Metropolitan Borough Council has ultimate responsibility for the site as the responsible person identified by the RR(FS)O 2005.

The Chief Executive has put a structure in place to support the management of the site.

This includes the role of Building Safety Manager who has duties as defined within the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005.

The contact names to support the management of the site are as follows:

#### **Chief Executive**

Shokat Lal

#### **Executive Director of Place**

Alan Lunt

### **Assistant Director Building Compliance**

Phil Deery

### **Fire Safety Manager**

**Tony Thompson** 

### **Team Lead Fire Safety**

**Jason Blewitt** 

### Fire Risk Assessor(s)

Carl Hill

**Louis Conway** 

Anthony Smith

**Adrian Jones** 

### Resident Engagement Officer - Fire Safety

Lee Mlilo

Abdul Monim Khan

#### **Housing Office Manager**

Rushpal Dhaliwal

Please note, the above details are correct at the time of the production of the risk assessment and may be subject to change.

# **Description of Premises**

Queen Street Princes End, Tipton, DY4 9JH

#### **Description of the Property**

The Low-rise Blocks were constructed in approx. 1967 of predominantly traditional concrete brick construction with a pitched roof access gained via 2<sup>nd</sup> floor loft hatch, both blocks displaying the same internal layout and single staircase acting as the sole means of escape.





The blocks consist of three stories (Ground,1st & 2nd) with each floor containing two number dwellings off a singular staircase.

Each block has and mian entrance/exit on the front elevation leading to a place of ultimate safety and an additional entrance/exit at the rear elevation. Access is gained via a fob system or via a firefighters drop latch









1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> floors within block 14-24 contain drying areas for the dwellings on that floor with this area is protected by the use of nominal fire doors with gorgian wired glass.



The blocks have access to a gated rear yard area this area is also where the storage of bins are stored.





Electical service cupbards/ residents meter cupbaords are locacated on the rear elevation behing a nominal timber door.









The blocks have a pitched roof with each section of the block having access within the communal area via a loft hatch on the 2<sup>nd</sup> floor



The communal, any workplace areas and the external envelope of the building are subject to the Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 as confirmed by the Fire Safety Act 2021.

The enforcing authority is West Midlands Fire Service

High/Low Rise	Low Rise
Number of Floors	3
Date of Construction	1967
Construction Type	Traditional Brick Cavity
Last Refurbished	Unknown
External Cladding	None
Number of Lifts	None
Number of Staircases	One
Automatic Smoke Ventilation to	No
communal area	
Fire Alarm System	No
Refuse Chute	No
Access to Roof Space	Loft Hatch second Floor
Equipment on roof (e.g. mobile phone station etc)	No

#### **Persons at Risk**

Residents / Occupants of 6 flats per block

Visitors,

Sandwell MBC employees,

Contractors,

Service providers (e.g. meter readers, delivery people etc)

Statutory bodies (e.g. W.M.F.S, Police, and Ambulance)

# **Building Plan**

# Typical orientation of the blocks



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# **External envelope**

Following the introduction of the Fire Safety Act 2021, consideration needs to be given to the external envelope of the building for any fire risk. This predominantly means the external wall construction including any insulation filler. It also includes balconies and any other fixtures as well as doors and windows.

Below is a breakdown of the materials used within the external envelope and, as part of the external wall system.

It is deemed that the combination and application of these materials present an acceptable level of fire risk.

1) The original construction of the blocks was a concrete masonry construction, and the external envelope reflects this.



2) The blocks have a tiled Pitched roof.



3) Openable Double Glazed UPVC units with a textured clad are used along the communal stairs and residents' flats.



4) Access to shared drying areas on an open balcony that contains netting. Normally, this would not be permitted due to the risk of potential spread of fire and is believed that the netting should be removed. However, removing the netting could pose an additional health risk due of the accumulation of birds on the balconies which has been a case within surrounding area. Mitigating factors are in place such as balconies being located in a communal area protected behind nominal fire doors, cleaner/caretaking team who regularly visit the blocks and check on the areas to ensure there is no buildup of fire loading and a stay put unless policy. As such, the netting will remain in place and as a temporary measure will be recommended to be enhanced to fire rated netting until future upgrade works take place at the blocks enclosing the balconies. This is deemed a tolerable short-term solution.



5) Combustible items present on 2<sup>nd</sup> floor communal balcony including washinmachines, capets, and rubbish block 18-24.



# Means of Escape from Fire

1) Each block has a single staircase that provides a means of escape and is between 920mm & 950mm in width providing a sufficient escape route.



2) All corridors are of adequate width and will be maintained clear to that width as a minimum.



- 3) There are no corridors within the means of escape that form part of a dead end.
- 4) The means of escape are protected to prevent the spread of fire and smoke using nominal doors off dwellings and drying areas.



5) The communal doors within block 14-24 are not fitted with automatic closing devices.



- 6) All communal fire doors are subject to an annual check by the Fire Safety Rapid Response Team.
- 7) The final exit doors have door entry systems installed. These systems are designed to fail safe i.e. door unlocked in the event of a power failure. This prevents residents being locked in or out of the building.



8) Natural ventilation is available within the communal area via the use of openable windows.





9) Communal areas Should be kept free of flammable items. The communal areas are checked on a regular basis by Caretaking / Cleaning teams 365 days per year and all items of rubbish are immediately removed. There is also an out of hour's service that allows combustible items of furniture / rubbish to be removed.

10) Emergency lighting is not installed within the communal areas, conventional lighting is in place.



11) Electric meter cupboards are Located externally on the rear elevation nearest the rear exit to the blocks secured behind nominal timber doors.









- 12) The surface coatings to the communal areas are Class 0 rated.
- 13) The building has sufficient passive controls that provide effective compartmentation to support a Stay Put-Unless Policy. Therefore, residents are advised to remain in their flat unless the fire directly affects them.
- 14)Individual flat doors are Nominal fire door sets with a combination of timber and composite doors within each block.









- 15)Despite best endeavours access was not is gained to a sample of properties as part of the fire risk assessment to ensure the doors have not been tampered with by residents etc a visual inspection of the external leaf of the door was conducted and found no faults, measures should be taken to gain access in future.
- 16) Ground floor communal areas within block 2-12 contain residents storage cupboards these are secured using timber doors and will be recommended.



17) Items left within the ground floor communal area under the stairs.



good housekeeping is fundamental to reducing risk in blocks of flats. Controlling the presence of combustible materials and ignition sources not only reduces the potential for accidental fires to start and develop in the common parts, it also significantly reduces the scope for deliberate fires. It also ensures escape routes are free of obstructions that might hinder the evacuation of people from the building and access for fire-fighters.

### Section

8

# **Fire Detection and Alarm Systems**

- Early warning is limited to hard wire or battery smoke alarms within each of the resident's flats. The equipment is subjected to a cyclical test.
- Based on previous risk assessments smoke alarms within resident's flats are installed to a minimum of an LD3 Standard.

For information LD1 all rooms except wet rooms LD2 all-risk rooms e.g. Living Room, Kitchens and Hallway. LD3 Hallway only

- 3) There is no effective means for detecting an outbreak of fire to communal areas. The reason for this are:
  - I. Such systems may get vandalised.
  - II. False alarms would occur.
  - III. A Stay Put Unless policy is in place

#### **Section**

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# **Emergency Lighting**

- 1) No emergency lighting provisions.
- 2) Standard conventional lighting is present within the blocks.

### **Section**

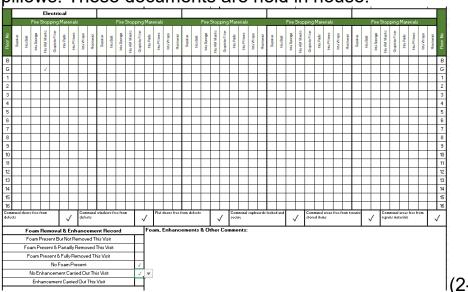
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# Compartmentation

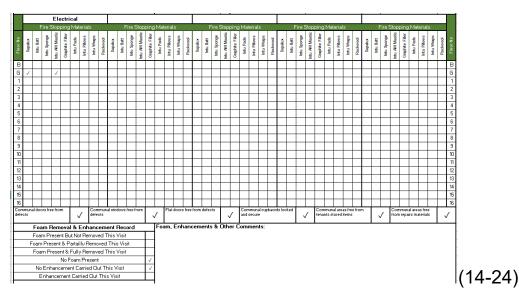
The high degree of fire separation between flats and the common parts is achieved by making each flat a fire-resisting enclosure. This is known as compartmentation. A compartment is simply a part of a building bounded by walls and floors that will resist the passage of fire for a specified period of time. The fire resistance of this construction is such that, normally, a fire will burn itself out before spreading to other parts of the building

1) The building is designed to provide as a minimum 30-minute vertical fire resistance and 30 minutes horizontal fire resistance around flats. All doors from dwellings are 30-minute fire resistant with cold smoke seals and self-closing devices, including those in 1-hour rated walls.

- 2) The premise has sufficient compartmentation to limit the travel and effect of smoke and flame in event of a fire between dwellings. Whilst the existing fire stopping is fit for purpose, there is a cyclical programme to ensure fire stopping as not been compromised by third parties and where applicable enhance the fire stopping.
- 3) Communal doors are fitted with automatic closing devices that are checked on a regular basis by Caretaking Teams as part of their checks. Defective closing devices are replaced either by the Caretaking Team(s) or the in-house repairs team(s).
- 4) There are no service cupboards located at the block communal cupboards are to electrical intake/meter cupboards and residents' storage cupboards.
- 5) A variety of methods / materials have been used to achieve firestopping including Rockwool, fire rated sponge and intumescent pillows. These documents are held in house.



(2-12)



- 6) The fire stopping / compartmentation is subject to an annual check by the Fire Safety Rapid Response Team
- 7) Any remedial works arising from the fire stopping / compartmentation check(s) will be actioned immediately by the Fire Safety Rapid Response Team.
- 8) Individual flat doors are a mixture of nominal Timber & composite door sets.

#### Refer to door sheet below.

14-24 Queen Street;Princes End;Tipton;West Midlands;	Intentionally Blank	
14 Queen Street; Princes End; Tipton; West Midlands;	Timber Door FD30s Not Glazed	
16 Queen Street; Princes End; Tipton; West Midlands;	Nationwide Not Glazed	
18 Queen Street; Princes End; Tipton; West Midlands;	Timber Door FD30s Not Glazed	
20 Queen Street; Princes End; Tipton; West Midlands;	Timber Door FD30s Not Glazed	
22 Queen Street; Princes End; Tipton; West Midlands;	Timber Door FD30s Not Glazed	
24 Queen Street; Princes End; Tipton; West Midlands;	Timber Door FD30s Not Glazed	
2-12 Queen Street; Princes End; Tipton; West Midlands;	Intentionally Blank	
2 Queen Street; Princes End; Tipton; West Midlands;	Timber Door FD30s Not Glazed	
4 Queen Street;Princes End;Tipton;West Midlands;	Timber Door FD30s Not Glazed	
6 Queen Street;Princes End;Tipton;West Midlands;	Timber Door FD30s Not Glazed	
8 Queen Street;Princes End;Tipton;West Midlands;	Timber Door FD30s Not Glazed	
10 Queen Street; Princes End; Tipton; West Midlands;	Timber Door FD30s Not Glazed	
12 Queen Street;Princes End;Tipton;West Midlands;	Timber Door FD30s Not Glazed	
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It is accepted that, in older blocks, fire doors, particularly flat entrance doors, do not meet current test standards for FD30S doors. However, these doors may still be acceptable if the doors remain in good condition, and they met the relevant standards at the time of construction of the block.

9) There is a roof space that can be accessed via a loft hatch on the 2<sup>nd</sup> floor communal landing area. Access could not be granted into this area during the risk assessment. Further Attempts should be made to gain access.



Section 11

# **Fire Fighting Equipment**

1) The premise has no firefighting provisions.

Section 12

# Fire Signage

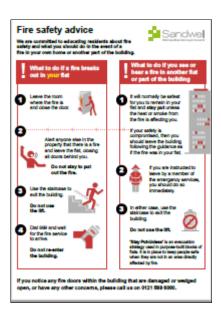
- 1) All fire doors display "Fire Door Keep Shut" where appropriate.
- 2) No fire action notices are not present within the building.
- 3) Yellow LPG warning signs are not displayed.
- 4) The fire escape routes generally do not use directional fire signage in accordance due to simplicity of layout.

# **Employee & Resident Training/Provision of Information**

- 1) All Caretaking / Cleaning Employees have undertaken fire safety training. This includes use of bespoke 'Fire Safety in High / Low Rise Flatted Accommodation' Video.
- 2) All employees are encouraged to complete 'In the line of fire' training on an annual basis.
- Caretaking Teams are not currently trained in the effective use of fire extinguishers. There are no provisions to combat fires within the blocks. Caretaking Teams are not expected to tackle fires in this area.
- Housing Directorate employees assigned to undertake Fire Safety Inspections have received IFE approved training via West Midlands Fire Service.
- Staff undertaking fire risk assessments are qualified to or working towards Level 4 Diploma in Fire Risk Assessment.
- 6) Fire safety information has been provided as part of tenancy pack.
- 7) Building safety and evacuation notices are not displayed within the blocks.
- 8) Information regarding use of fire doors is provided to residents



9) Information regarding the Stay Put unless fire evacuation strategy is provided to residents



## **Sources of Ignition**

1) Smoking is prohibited within any communal parts of the building in line with Smoke Free England legislation.



- 2) Hot working is not normally carried out. If essential maintenance requires the use of hot work processes, then corporate policies and procedures are to be followed.
- 3) Portable electrical equipment used as part of the Caretaking / Cleaning regime is subject to annual PAT Testing. This information is held by the Estate Services Manager Bryan Low.
- 4) The fixed electrical installation shall be tested every 5 years. It was noted that the last inspection was 02/21



- 5) The electrical installation i.e. risers are contained within dedicated service cupboards that are secure and protected by means of secured timber boxes and other sections utilising storage cupboards with nominal doors to house electrical meters/installations.
- 6) Portable heaters are not allowed in any common parts of the premises.

7) Gas appliances and pipework (where installed) are subject to annual testing and certification. This cyclical contract is managed by the in-house Gas Team. gas supplies are internal.

# Section 15

## **Waste Control**

1) There is a regular Cleaning Service to the premises.



- 2) Refuse containers emptied regularly and stored away from the block.
- 3) Regular checks by Caretakers minimise risk of waste accumulation.
- 4) 'Out of Hours' service in place to remove bulk items.

# **Control and Supervision of Contractors and Visitors**

- Responsive Repairs service delivered by Sandwell MBC necessitates the production of an order via the computerised repairs system. Details of any known risks are documented on the repair order.
- 2) Hot works are not permitted unless authorisation is given via the approved officer. The hot works procedure is to be followed.
- 3) Utility companies are not allowed to access any service cupboard or secure area. They must request and collect maintenance keys from the Investments office @ Roway Lane. This allows scrutiny of what is the scope of any works such as installation of tenant's broadband / phone line etc.
- 4) Where contractors are appointed to undertake major refurbishment works, Sandwell MBC Urban Design team will put control measures in place. Such Measures include: -
  - a) Pre-Contract Meetings where contractor is made aware of all working arrangements and safe systems of work to be adopted. Issues covered in this meeting will include:
    - Health and Safety.
    - Site security.
    - Safety of working and impact on children/school business.
    - Fire risk, if any.
      - Site Emergency Plan.
  - b) Monthly Site Meetings in order to monitor, review and share any new information including any new risks.
  - c) Site monitored daily whilst work is in progress by Clerk of Works / Health and Safety Officers.
  - d) Final Contractor review on completion of works undertaken.

## **Arson Prevention**

- 1) Regular checks are undertaken by Caretakers / Cleaning Team(s) 365 days per year which helps reduce the risk of arson.
- 2) Restricted access to the premises by means of a door entry system.
- 3) There are no CCTV provisions at the blocks.
- 4) There is no current evidence of arson.
- 5) The perimeter of the premises is well illuminated.
- 6) There have been no reported fire incidents since the last FRA.

## **Storage Arrangements**

- 1) Residents instructed not to bring L.P.G cylinders into block.
- 2) The tenancy conditions, Section 7 Condition 5.6 stipulates "If you live in a flat or maisonette, you, people living with you and any visitors to your property must not keep or use paraffin oil, petrol, bottled gas appliances or any other explosive, FLAMMABLE or dangerous material in the property. This restriction also applies to any storage facility situated in or attached to the block, which has been provided for your use."
- 3) No Flammable liquids stored on site by Caretakers / cleaners.
- 4) All store cupboards are kept locked.
- 5) There are no flammable liquids or gas cylinders stored on site.

# Additional Control Measures; Fire Risk Assessment - Level 2 Action Plan

Significant Findings

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Trivial ⊠

It is considered that the following recommendations should be
implemented to reduce fire risk to, or maintain it at, the following level:

Definition of priorities (where applicable):

P1 Arrange and complete as urgent – Within 10 days

Tolerable □

- P2 Arrange and complete within 1-3 Months of assessment date
- P3 Arrange and complete within 3-6 Months of assessment date
- P4 Arrange and complete exceeding 6 months under programmed work



# Fire Risk Assessment Level 2 Action Plan



Name of Premises or Location: Queen Street 2-12, 14-24

Date of Action Plan: 16/05/2024

Review Date: <Insert date>

Question/ Ref No	Required Action	Supporting photograph	Priority	Timescale and Person Responsible	Date Completed
06/05	Remove combustibles from drying areas block 18-24		P2	1-3 months Housing Manager	

07/17	Remove items left within the ground floor communal areas (2-12)		P2	1-3 Months Housing Manager	
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When undertaking future improvement program(s), it is advised that the observations listed below should be given consideration (noting that the safety of the residents is not jeopardised by these, and all steps to reduce any known risks have been taken).

Observations	
Communal service cupboard	Upgrade as part of next improvement works at the blocks
Communal doors off the means of escape to drying areas.	Upgrade as part of next improvement works at the blocks
Flat Entrance Doors	Upgrade as part of next improvement works at the blocks
Loft Space	Further attempts should be made to gain access to this area.

## Signed

Kenway	Fire Risk Assessor	Date: 16/05/2024
Bleund	Quality Assurance Check	Date: 24/05/2024

### Appendix 1

# Significant Hazards on Site and Information to be Provided for the Fire Service

Name of property: Queen Street 2-12, 14-24

Updated: 16/05/2024

Premise Manager: Tony Thompson Tel. No.: 0121 569 2975

Hazard	Information/Comments
Asbestos	An asbestos survey has been undertaken of the communal areas. Survey held by Sandwell Housing (Derek Still Tel:- 0121 569 5077).  Include survey

Sample Locations		Property Address 2-12 Queens Street, Princess End, Tipton, DY4 9JH								
LOCATION		MATERIAL		QTY	SURFACE TREATMEN		RESULT	HSE NOTIF Y	Labelled ?	ACTION TAKEN ON CONTRACT
IF DURING THE COURSE OF WORK SUSPECTED ACM'S ARE IDENTIFIED THAT ARE NOT CONTAINED WITHIN THIS REPORT STOP WORK & SEEK ADVICE										ORK & SEEK ADVICE
NO ASBESTOS FOUND										
MAIN ROOF VERGE UNDERCLOAKING (CONCE BENEATH DRY VERGE)	EALED	CEN	MENT	-	UNSEALED	PRESUMED	CHRYSOTILE	NO	NO	
COMMUNAL FRONT DOOR FRAME SEALAN	NT	MA	STIC	-	SEALED	DMW377	NONE DETECTED	-	-	-
NO 2 FRONT DOOR FRAME SEALANT		MA	STIC	-	SEALED	DMW378	NONE DETECTED	-	-	-
NO 4 FRONT DOOR FRAME SEALANT		MA	STIC	-	SEALED	DMW379	NONE DETECTED	-	-	-
COMMUNAL REAR DOOR FRAME SEALAN	IT	MASTIC		-	SEALED	DMW380	NONE DETECTED	-	-	-
ITEMS SHOWN BELO	W HAVE	BEEN AS	SESSED	ON SITE B	Y THE ASBEST	OS SURVEYOR	& ARE CONFIRME	D NOT	то в	ACM's.
LOCATION DESCRIPTION	MATI	ERIAL	LOCA	TION DES	CRIPTION	MATERIAL	RIAL LOCATION DI		RIPTI	ON MATERIAL
MAIN ROOF SOFFITS	PLA	PLASTIC NO's 8 +		8 + 10 FRONT DOOR FRAME SEALANT		SILICONE				
REAR OUTSIDE CUPBOARD TRANSOM	PLYV	PLYWOOD NO's		s 6 + 12 FRONT DOOR FRAME SEALANTS		MASTIC - NAD II OTHER SAMPLE				
FLAT ROOF CANOPY SOFFIT FRONT AND REAR	IT AND PLASTIC									
MAIN ROOF GUTTERING	PLA	PLASTIC								
TOP FLOOR CEILING PLASTER B		R BOARD								

Sample Locations			Property Address 14-24 Queens Street, Princess End, Tipton, DY4 9JH									
LOCATION		MATI	ERIAL	QTY	SURFAC	_	SAMPLE REF	RESULT	HSE NOTIF Y	Labelled ?		ION TAKEN ON CONTRACT
IF DURING THE COURSE OF WORK SUSPECTED ACM'S ARE IDENTIFIED THAT ARE NOT CONTAINED WITHIN THIS REPORT STOP WORK & SEEK ADVICE												
				OM	ASBESTOS FOUN	₽						
MAIN ROOF VERGE UNDERCLOAKING (CONCE BENEATH DRY VERGE)	EALED	CEN	MENT	-	UNSEALE	)	PRESUMED	CHRYSOTILE	NO	NO		
COMMUNAL FRONT DOOR FRAME SEALAN	NT	MA	STIC	-	SEALED		DMW381	NONE DETECTED	-	-		-
NO 20 FRONT DOOR FRAME SEALANT		MA	STIC	-	SEALED		DMW382	NONE DETECTED	-	-		-
NO 24 FRONT DOOR FRAME SEALANT		MA	MASTIC		SEALED		DMW383	NONE DETECTED	-	-		-
COMMUNAL REAR DOOR FRAME SEALAN	ΙT	MA	MASTIC		SEALED		DMW384	NONE DETECTED	-	-	-	
ITEMS SHOWN BELO	W HAVE	BEEN AS	SSESSE	ON SITE	BY THE ASBES	STOS	SURVEYOR	& ARE CONFIRME	D NOT	то ве	ACM's.	
LOCATION DESCRIPTION	MAT	ERIAL	LOC	DCATION DESCRIPTION			MATERIAL	LOCATIO	LOCATION DESCRIPTION			MATERIAL
MAIN ROOF SOFFITS	PLA	ASTIC	NUMBE	MBER 22 DOOR FRAME SEALANT			NONE AVAILABLE TO SAMPLE					
REAR OUTSIDE CUPBOARD TRANSOM	PLY	PLYWOOD										
FLAT ROOF CANOPY SOFFIT	PLASTIC											
MAIN ROOF GUTTERING	PLA	PLASTIC										
NO's 14, 16 + 18 FRONT DOOR FRAME MASTIC - NAD IN OTHER SAMPLES												